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Corporate governance report

1 Issuer profile

The Hera Group was born in 2002 out of the integration of 11 Emilia-Romagna public service companies, and in the subsequent years continued its territorial growth in order to expand its core business, in particular through the subsequent merger of important companies (Agea Spa, Meta Spa, Sat Spa, Acegas Aps Spa and Amga Azienda Multiservizi Spa), and most recently through its partnership with Ascopiave Spa in the commercial energy sector.

Hera is one of the leading Italian multi-utilities in the waste management, water, gas and electricity businesses, with more than 9,200 employees, counting both open-ended and fixed-term contracts. The Company, the majority of whose share capital is owned by the State, has been listed on the Mercato Telematico of Borsa Italiana S.p.A. since 26 June 2003 and operates mainly in the territories of Bologna, Ravenna, Rimini, Forlì, Cesena, Ferrara, Modena, and Imola as well as the Veneto, Friuli-Venezia Giulia, Marche and Abruzzo Regions. Hera is an Issuer that uses the traditional governance system and its organizational structure is versatile and capable of adapting to an economic, business and regulatory, technological, environmental and human capital context that is increasingly volatile and affected by significant changes.

The Hera Group's entrepreneurial and organizational model, unique in this sector, makes it possible to combine strong territorial roots with the need to grow in size, in order to offer increasingly efficient services while remaining open to new partners. Since its inception, Hera has developed a trajectory of growth both organic and along external lines.

Its development strategy entails actions to support organic growth in the businesses already served, but also consolidation and acquisition operations to expand the current perimeter of operations, maintaining the Group's solid financial structure in the context of a shared industrial vision.

On the internal front, Hera addresses all possible opportunities for developing activities in its businesses, leveraging innovation, efficiency and excellence.

The strategy for external lines of growth is based on three cornerstones:

- mergers and consolidation with other multi-utility companies, activities in which the Group has a long and successful track record;
- the acquisition of companies in the individual supply chains it serves, with the aim of accelerating the growth of its customer base and supplementing its facilities-industrial structure;
- participation in tenders for awarding concessions for the provision of regulated services.

Over the years, the Hera Group has, however, implemented a plan to rationalise its shareholdings, reducing their number significantly and more effectively merging the various companies by business area and geographical contiguity.

Hera is also committed to acting every day to enhance the experience and develop the skills of its employees, and to promote cooperation and the exchange of knowledge, so that work is a source of satisfaction and pride for people as well as an important factor for the success of the company.

Hera's goal is to become the best multi-utility in Italy for its customers, workforce and shareholders. It aims to achieve this through further development of an original corporate model capable of innovation and of forging strong links with the areas in which it operates, while respecting the local environment.

As early as 2003, Hera included Corporate Social Responsibility in its strategy, a concept which has since evolved into the broader perspective of shared value, understood as a tool for increasing competitiveness and a key factor for achieving sustainable development, in keeping with the guidelines identified by the United Nations. The Mission and Values outline the guidelines for corporate behaviour already contained in the Code of Ethics and shape every action taken by and relationship maintained by the Group. Mission, values and shared conduct represent the strategic and cultural framework within which the industrial plan is formulated, results are reported transparently through the Sustainability Report, and economic planning is defined on an annual basis.

Hera grants special attention to dialoguing with its stakeholders and the local area in which it operates, consolidating positive results achieved in terms of creating value and demonstrating the Group's ability to grow despite the current complex economic conditions.

2 Information on the ownership structure (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter a) of the Consolidated Finance Act (TUF)) as at 25 March 2020

a) Share capital structure (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter a) of the TUF)

The share capital is 1,489,538,745 euro, fully subscribed and paid-up, and consists of 1,489,538,745 ordinary shares with a par value of 1 euro each.

Share Capital Structure

Type of share	no. of shares	% of share capital	Listed	Rights and Obligations
Ordinary shares	1,489,538,745	100%	Mta Borsa Italiana	Ordinary shares grant their holders the property and administrative rights established by law

b) Restrictions on the transfer of securities (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter b) of the TUF)

Article 7 of Hera's Articles of Association to stipulate that the majority of voting rights in the company be held by Municipalities, Provinces and Consortiums established in accordance with Article 31 of Legislative Decree no. 267/2000, or by other Public Authorities, or consortiums or joint-stock companies including Municipalities, Provinces or Consortiums established in accordance with Article 31 of Legislative Decree no. 267/2000, or other Public Authorities hold, even indirectly, the majority of the share capital. Article 8.1 of the Articles of Association prohibits the holding of more than 5% of the company's share capital by any shareholder other than those indicated above.

c) Significant equity interests (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter c) of the TUF)

The parties that directly or indirectly hold more than 3% of the share capital of the Company represented by shares with voting rights, are as follows, based on communications made pursuant to article 120 of the TUF, as well as any other data in the possession of the Company.

Declarant	Direct shareholder	share % of s.c.	share % of c.s. with voting rights			
Municipality of Bologna	Municipality of Bologna	8.926%	8.926%			
Municipality of Imola	Con.Ami	7.293%	7.293%			
Municipality of Modena	Municipality of Modena	6.519%	6.519%			
Lazard Asset Management	Lazard Asset Management	5.043%	5.043%			
Municipality of Ravenna	Ravenna Holding Spa	4.981%	4.981%			
Municipality of Trieste	Municipality of Trieste	3.731%	3.731%			
Municipality of Padua	Municipality of Padova	3.097%	3.097%			

d) Shares that confer special rights (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter f) of the TUF)

The shareholder's meeting of 28 April 2015 authorized, pursuant to the limits established by Article 6 the institute's Articles of Association, an increased vote, whereby individuals who are registered for a continuous period of at least 24 months in the special list established beginning in 1 June 2015, will be entitled, for every share they hold, to two votes in shareholders deliberations regarding: i) the amendment of Articles 6.4 and/or 8 of the Articles of Association, ii) the appointment and / or revocation of the Board or its members, iii) the appointment and / or revocation of the Board of Statutory Auditors or its members.

On 13 May 2015, Hera's Board of Directors in order to define the criteria and procedures for keeping the special list, approved the special list regulations for eligibility for increased voting rights, in implementation of the provisions of applicable law and Hera's Articles of Association.

e) Restrictions on voting rights (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter f) of the TUF)

Article *8.6 of the Articles of Association stipulates that the voting rights of parties other than public authorities who hold more than 5% of the share capital will be limited to an overall maximum of 5%.

f) Shareholder agreements (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter g) of the TUF)

In accordance with Article 122 of the TUF, the following shareholders' agreement are in effect:

- First-level Shareholders' Agreement, between 111 public shareholders, concerning the procedures for exercising voting rights and the transfer of the shareholdings held in Hera by members, signed on 26 June 2018, with a duration of three years, from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2021;
- Second level Shareholders' Agreement between 32 public shareholders of Hera belonging to the Bologna area, concerning the rules governing the exercise of voting rights, the transfer of the shares held in Hera by members, as well as the appointment of the members of the Board of Directors, stipulated on 26 June 2018, whose effects start on 1 July 2018, and last until 30 June 2021;

- Second level Shareholders' Agreement between 20 public shareholders of Hera belonging to the Modena area, concerning the rules governing the exercise of voting rights, the transfer of the shares held in Hera by members, as well as the appointment of the members of the Board of Directors, stipulated on 26 June 2018, whose effects begin on 1 July 2018, and last until 30 June 2021:
- Second level Shareholders' Agreement between 20 public shareholders of Hera belonging to the Modena area, concerning the rules governing the exercise of voting rights, the transfer of the shares held in Hera by members, as well as the appointment of the members of the Board of Directors, stipulated on 26 June 2018, whose effects begin on 1 July 2018, and last until 30 June 2021;

The main identifying elements of the aforementioned Agreements, which can be found in the Corporate Governance section of the company's website at www.gruppohera.it, are provided below.

1) First-level Shareholders' Agreement

The Agreement concerns 693,666,738 shares conferred to the voting trust, corresponding to 46.56923% of the share capital of Hera, 1,377,332,593 voting rights conferred to the voting trust, corresponding to 61.17566% of the total voting rights making up the share capital and 572,267,488 blocked shares corresponding to 38.41911% of the share capital.

Content and bodies of the Agreement

Voting trust

In order to realize the decisions of the voting trust, the Parties have established a voting trust deliberative body (the Voting Trust Committee) composed as follows: a member designated by the Municipality of Bologna, to whom seven votes are assigned, a member designated by the minor shareholders of the Bologna area, to whom two votes are assigned, a member designated by Holding Ferrara Servizi Srl, to whom one vote is assigned, a member designated by Ravenna Holding Spa, to whom five votes are assigned, a member designated by CON.AMI, to whom six votes are assigned, one member designated by Rimini Holding Spa, to whom one vote is assigned, one member designated by the Municipality of Cesena, to whom one vote is assigned, one member designated by the Municipality of Padua, to whom three votes are assigned, one member designated by the Municipality of Trieste, to whom three votes are assigned, and one member designated by the Municipality of Udine, to whom two votes are assigned.

For the duration of the Agreement, the number of votes assigned to each principal shareholder through its committee member is allocated on the basis of one vote for each 1% of blocked shares held, rounded down if the surplus was less than 0.50%, or up if the surplus was equal to or greater than 0.50%, of the blocked shares. The percentage of blocked shares is calculated as follows:

The number of votes cast by each of the main members was verified at the opening of the first meeting of the Committee and definitively ascertained by the Chairman of the Committee.

The Voting Trust Committee remains in office until the end of the Agreement.

Decisions will be made through a yes-vote by at least 65% of the total votes assigned to the members of the Voting Trust Committee present at that meeting, except for decisions for which the Agreement requires a different majority.

The Voting Trust Committee will meet at least one day prior to:

any meeting of the shareholders that includes any of the following items on its agenda:

- 1) liquidation of the Company;
- 2) merger or division of the Company;
- 3) changes in Article 6 ("Shares and Increased voting rights"), 7 ("Public majority shareholding"), 8 ("Limits on shareholdings"), 14 ("Validity of Shareholders' Meetings and rights of veto") 17 ("Appointment of the Board of Directors"), 21 (Validity of resolutions), and 23.4 (Exercise of powers matters falling within the exclusive competence of the Board of Directors) of the Articles of Association.

The Parties undertake to ensure that their vote at the Shareholders' Meeting conforms to the resolutions adopted by the Voting Trust Committee and indicated in this section (i). In the event that a vote in favour of the resolution to be adopted pursuant to this Paragraph (i) is not reached in the Voting Trust Committee, every Party to the Agreement shall express a vote in the Shareholders' Meeting against the adoption of that resolution.

Any meeting of the Board of Directors that includes any of the following items on its agenda:

- the establishment of the Hera Executive Committee, whose powers will be determined by the Board of Directors.
 The Executive Committee will be composed of the Chairman, the CEO, the Vice-Chairman and a Director appointed jointly by the Municipality of Padua and the Municipality of Trieste;
- within the limits of the law and the Articles of Association, the appointment (i) of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, who will be appointed on recommendation by the Shareholders of the Romagna Territorial Area; (ii) of the Chief Executive Officer, who will be appointed on recommendation by the Shareholders of Bologna. The Shareholders of the Romagna Territorial Area and the Shareholders of Bologna will consult each other before proceeding to appoint the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer; (iii) the Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors will be appointed within the limits of the law and the Articles of Association from among the members indicated by the Municipality of Modena;

the deadline for the submission of the List of Directors and the List of Statutory Auditors.

The Voting Trust Committee shall meet: (i) at least once a year, by the date of the Hera Shareholders' Meeting convoked to approve the financial statements, in order to verify any plans for the sale of Hera Shares not subject to the voting trust blocking provided for by each Party; (ii) whenever one or more members of the same make a written request to the Chairman of the Voting Trust Committee.

In addition, the Voting Trust Committee will be responsible for:

- the collation and formation of the List of Directors. The number of members to be included in the List of Directors indicated by each group of contracting parties is allocated on the basis of one member designated for each 3% of shares blocked by that group of contracting parties, and therefore, the list of Directors will be composed as follows: three members designated by the Shareholders of Bologna and Municipality of Ferrara, also in the interest of the Shareholders of Ferrara; four members designated by the Shareholders of the Romagna Territorial Area; two members designated by the Municipality of Modena, also in the interest of the Shareholders of Modena; one member designated by the Municipality of Padua; and one member designated by the Municipality of Trieste;
- the collation and formation of the List of Statutory Auditors. The List of Statutory Auditors shall indicate as many candidates as there are members of the Board of Statutory Auditors, to be elected by the majority, and shall be determined according to the following procedures: a) the Shareholders of Bologna and the Municipality of Ferrara, also in the interest of the Shareholders of Ferrara, shall have the right to designate the candidates to be included in the second and third places on the list (one Statutory Auditor and one Alternate Auditor); b) the Shareholders of Romagna Territorial Area shall have the right to designate the candidate to be included in the first place on the list (one Statutory Auditor);
- the resolution to request the penalty by paid by the defaulting Party; the main shareholder accused of such a default will not be allowed to participate in the discussion and will not have the right to vote on the respective resolution;
- resolutions concerning the coordination and execution of plans to sell the shares as well as the related preparatory and consequent acts, with all the widest powers to implement them, also invested in the person of the Chairman individually or jointly with other members of the Voting Trust Committee, including, among other things, the power to carry out in the name and on behalf of the Selling Parties procedures for the selection of consultants, placement agents, trust companies and to identify, negotiate, sign and, if necessary, modify the relative contracts, commitments and mandates in the name and on behalf of the Selling Parties, as well as to implement them.

Stock Blocking Syndicate

The Parties undertake and agree, for the entire duration of the Agreement, to not transfer the shares allocated to the Blocking Syndicate (the blocked shares). Under the terms of the Agreement, Transfer or To transfer refers to any legal transaction, even free of charge (including sale, donation, exchange, contribution to a company, forced sale, block sale, merger, demerger) that has the direct or indirect result of transferring to third parties ownership or bare ownership of the shares or investing third parties with real rights (pledge and usufruct) on the Shares in the event that the voting right belongs to the pledgee or usufructuary.

The Parties undertake to maintain on the list established by Hera in accordance with Article 6.4 of the Hera Articles of Association (the Special List) the number of blocked shares determined in each instance pursuant to the Agreement. The Parties may also register in the Special List a greater number of shares than the number of blocked shares.

The Agreement identifies the number of shares blocked for the entire duration of the Agreement with respect to each Party.

The Parties have agreed that, in any event, the total number of blocked shares may not be less than 38% of the share capital of Hera until the expiration of the Agreement. If the total number of blocked shares does not comply with the above mentioned indefectible condition, the Parties, for this purpose, grant the Chairman of the Committee a mandate to adjust, without delay and on the basis of a principle of proportionality, the number of blocked shares. If the above condition is not satisfied due to the non-performance of a Party, the provisions relating to non-performance and penalties shall apply.

The contracting Parties will be free to transfer blocked shares to public shareholders (Municipalities, Consortiums established in accordance with Article 267/2000, or to other Public Authorities, or consortiums or joint-stock companies of which Municipalities or Consortiums established in accordance with Article . 267/2000 or other Public Bodies or Authorities hold, even indirectly, the majority of their share capital), including the other Parties, or to consortia formed between public bodies or to companies with share capital, also in consortium form, controlled by a Party to the Agreement, also jointly with other Parties to the Agreement, on the condition that the aforesaid company, at the time of the transfer made in its favour, has

adhered to the Agreement. The Parties will be free to transfer, even to third parties, the option rights on the blocked shares. Transfers of blocked shares will be permitted only on the condition that the transferring entity, by the date of the Transfer made to it, has entered into the Agreement by accepting it in writing and allocating the transferred shares to the Blocking Syndicate.

Each Party undertakes to inform the Chairman of the Syndicate Committee in writing, in a timely manner and in any case no later than the fifth day following the transfer, of any change in the blocked shares held by that Party.

The non-transferability constraint applies only to blocked shares. In any case, the Parties undertake to sell, in an orderly manner, the shares other than the blocked shares which they intend to transfer in order to allow a smooth negotiation, in particular: a) each Party that intends to make sales on the stock market (without prejudice to the prohibition on selling blocked shares), for a total amount greater than 3 million shares in each calendar year, undertakes to coordinate in advance with the Committee, and its Chairman on its behalf, during the annual meeting and, where appropriate, also to request further meetings, and to implement a method of sale completed through a single transaction; b) if at the annual meeting: (i) the total number of shares to be offered for sale, even individually, is greater than 10 million shares, the sale will proceed in a coordinated way; (ii) the total number of shares to be offered for sale does not exceed 10 million shares, each Party may proceed with the sale independently, without prejudice to the provisions outlined under point a) above.

The annual meeting will also be aimed at verifying whether the intentions of each Party to sell shares are lower than the number of shares held by that Party not subject to the Blocking Syndicate. In this case, extra shares not already subject to the Blocking Syndicate may be subjected to the Blocking Syndicate and the shares of other parties to the Agreement that need to be disposed of may be unblocked. Coordination will be carried out by the Committee on the basis of the principle of proportionality. Once shared, changes to the number of shares subjected to the Blocking Syndicate will be incorporated into the Agreement, it being understood that the total number of blocked shares may not be changed except as provided for in the preceding sections.

Each Party has the right to transfer, for any reason whatsoever, its shares to any joint-stock company, even in consortium form, controlled by itself or jointly with other Parties, provided that the aforesaid company, at the time of the transfer made in its favour, has adhered to the Agreement. In this case, all the rights and obligations of the Parties will be placed in the hands of the transferee company, without prejudice to the obligation of the Party to the Agreement that made the transfer to then repurchase a number of shares equal to those transferred, if the company (i) is no longer controlled by the transferor, or (ii) the controlled company is subject to bankruptcy proceedings of any kind, or (iii) in the event of a merger, demerger or any other form of transformation of the controlled company.

For the entire duration of the Contract, the Parties undertake not to set up, directly or indirectly, including through third parties or through subsidiaries and/or connected parties or with third parties acting in concert with them, as defined in article 109 of the TUF, acts and/or facts and/or transactions, including transfers, which involve or may involve the obligation to make a mandatory public offer for the purchase of Hera shares ("OPA"). The defaulting Party shall take all necessary and appropriate actions to remedy the occurrence of OPA and, where possible, benefit from the exemptions provided for by applicable legislation, for example it shall undertake to transfer the shares to unrelated parties, or reduce the excess voting rights within twelve months and not to exercise these rights pursuant to letter e) of Article 49, paragraph 1) of the Issuers' Regulations and/or it must waive the allocation of the increased voting rights pursuant to and within the terms of applicable legislation.

Bodies of the Agreement

In addition to the Voting Trust Committee, the bodies of the Agreement are the Chairman and Secretary.

Chairman

The Voting Trust Committee is presided over by the Committee Chairman or, in his/her absence, the oldest individual among its members. The Chairman is assisted by the Secretary. In its first meeting, the Voting Trust Committee will appoint the Chairman, to be the person who, among the members of the Committee, has obtained the highest number of overall votes assigned to the members of the Committee present at that meeting. The Chairman performs the following tasks: a) convenes and chairs the Committee, preparing the agenda; b) carries out all the activities entrusted to him by the Committee and by the Agreement; and c) adjusts the Agreement and its Annexes by removing from the text the names of persons who may not have signed the Pact, and making any further changes that follow from this.

Secretary

In its first meeting, the Voting Trust Committee will appoint a Secretary, whether or not he/she is a member of the Voting Trust Committee who, unless the position is revoked or resigned, will remain in office for the entire duration of the Agreement. The Secretary is responsible for the following tasks: a) preparing the minutes of the meetings of the Voting Trust Committee; b) keeping the minutes of the meetings of the Voting Trust Committee; c) performing all the operational and executive functions necessary for the proper functioning of the Agreement, in support of the activities of the Voting Trust Committee and the Chairman, entrusted to him/her by the Chairman.

Nature of the Agreement and persons exercising control over the Company through the Agreement

In view of the above, it is considered that the Agreement is material pursuant to article 122, paragraph 5, letters a) and b) of the TUF.

In view of the nature of the Agreement and by virtue of its provisions, no person is in a position to exercise control over Hera.

Penalties

The Party that is in breach of certain provisions of the Agreement shall be liable to pay a penalty of (a) 5 million euro or (b) the lesser value to be calculated as follows: number of shares held by the Party that is in breach at the time of the breach, multiplied by three times the value of the share resulting from the arithmetic mean of the official stock exchange prices of the security during the 15 trading days prior to the date of the breach. The amount referred to in this paragraph, point (b), may not be less than 3 million euro and, therefore, if application of the above calculation results in less than this amount, the penalty will be 3 million euro. This is without prejudice to the right of each of the non-defaulting parties to bring a lawsuit for damages. The penalty shall be requested and collected, upon a resolution by the Voting Trust Committee made without the vote of the defaulting party, by the Chairman of the Voting Trust Committee in the name and on behalf of the non-defaulting parties, and shall be paid to the non-defaulting parties in proportion to the shares held by each of them.

If, as a result of breaches of the provisions of the Agreement, one or more Parties, individually or jointly, become obliged to launch a takeover bid, the defaulting party(s) shall indemnify and hold harmless the other Parties from all costs, expenses, charges, liabilities and damages related to or otherwise arising from such conduct, including those relating to the mandatory public tender offer for the Company's shares and related payment obligations. In addition, in such a case, the amount of the applicable penalty referred to in points (a) to (b) shall be applied in duplicate, except in the case of greater damages. This penalty will be applied, for the entire duration of the Agreement, in the event of a breach of the prohibition on the transfer of blocked shares resulting in a reduction in the total number of blocked shares below 38% of the share capital of Hera.

Any Party that does not default may automatically terminate the Agreement in relation to the defaulting Party in accordance with Article 1456 of the Italian Civil Code and with retroactive effect, and, where necessary, request that the Arbitration Board, in accordance with the procedure established therein, pronounce the Agreement terminated by right against the defaulting Party, without prejudice to the application of the rules on penalties for non-performance.

Agreement duration and modifications

The Pact shall take effect on 1 July 2018 and shall remain in force until 30 June 2021. In view of the expiry of the Agreement, the parties undertake, in accordance with the principles of good faith, to do everything in their power, and in compliance with current legislation, to renegotiate new shareholders' agreements in accordance with the spirit of the Agreement. From the date of effectiveness of this Agreement, any previous shareholders' agreement between the same parties concerning the shares and signed by the same parties will cease to be effective.

The Agreement may be amended with the written agreement of the Parties which together hold at least 65% of the shares subject to the Blocking Syndicate. Changes to the Agreement shall be communicated to all Parties at least 30 days prior to the date such changes come into effect. In this case, the dissenting Parties shall have the right to withdraw immediately by means of a notice sent no later than the fifteenth day prior to the date on which the modifications to the Agreement come into effect

2) Second-level Shareholders' Agreement, Bologna area

The Agreement concerns 173,722,812 ordinary Hera shares conferred to the voting trust with a nominal value of 1 euro, equal to 11.66286% of the current share capital of Hera, held in total by the 32 public shareholders, and 338,840,704 voting rights, equal to 15.04996% of the total voting rights that make up the share capital.

Content of the Agreement

Voting trust

In order to take on the decisions made by the Voting Syndicate, the Parties have established a deliberative body of the Voting Syndicate (the Agreement Assembly) composed of the pro-tempore legal representatives of each Party or their delegates. The Agreement Assembly meets:

- at least three days before each meeting of the Voting Trust Committee, as per the Voting Trust Agreement;
- (ii) at least five days before each meeting of the Hera S.p.A. shareholders that includes any items on its agenda different from that covered by the Voting Trust Committee as outlined in point i) above;
- (iii) at least 30 days before each meeting of the Hera S.p.A. shareholders that includes on its agenda the nomination of components of the Board of Directors and/or Board of Statutory Auditors;
- (iv) Any time the Municipality of Bologna, or 14 Parties other than the Municipality of Bologna, make a written request to the Chairman of the Agreement Assembly.

The decisions of the Agreement Assembly are validly made by a majority of those present, provided that a yes vote has been expressed by the Municipality of Bologna and at least eight other Parties.

The Parties to the Agreement undertake to ensure that their vote at the Shareholders' Meeting conforms to the resolutions adopted by the Agreement Assembly.

Identification of the members of the Hera Board of Directors

With reference to the process of drawing up the majority list for appointing the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A., the Parties themselves undertake to define and approve, as follows, with due regard for the balance between genders, the list containing the names of directors:

- a maximum of two components in accordance with the agreements that may be entered into with the Municipality of Ferrara, also in the interest of the shareholders of the Ferrara area indicated by the Mayor of the Municipality of Bologna:
- one component indicated by the Parties, excluding the Municipality of Bologna, in the Agreement Assembly.

Finally, the Parties undertake to ensure that the Directors appointed by them, at the first meeting of the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A., proceed with appointing the office of Chief Executive Officer, it being understood that they will consult each other before the name of the candidate is formalized.

Before the name of the candidate for Chief Executive Officer of the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A. is formalised, the Mayor of the Municipality of Bologna or a person appointed by him, in the interest of the Parties, will consult with the common representative of the shareholders of the Romagna Territorial area and will inform the Chairman of the Voting Trust Committee.

Rules for transfers of blocked shares

For the duration of the Agreement, the parties to the Agreement undertake not to transfer the Hera Spa shares subject to the Blocking Syndicate (blocked shares) referred to in the first-level Shareholders' Agreement.

Rules for non-blocked Hera shares

The Party that intends to sell Syndicated shares that are not blocked shares, and therefore not subject to the non-transferability restriction, for total amount of less than 3 million shares during each calendar year, must pre-emptively offer the Shares to be sold in advance to all the other Parties, under the same conditions, in proportion to the shareholding held by each Party in Hera, without prejudice to the right of growth of each Party.

In the event of non-compliance with the above provision, the acts of disposal of the shares shall be null and void and shall be unenforceable in relation to the Parties and Hera S.p.A.

Penalties

The Party in breach of the provisions of the Agreement will be required to pay a penalty, for each individual, confirmed violation, of 500 thousand euro, without prejudice to compensation for any potential additional damage.

Agreement duration

The Pact shall take effect on 1 July 2018 and shall remain in force until 30 June 2021.

In view of the expiry of the Agreement and if the Voting Trust Agreement is in turn renewed, the parties undertake, in accordance with the principles of good faith, to do everything in their power, and in compliance with current legislation, to renegotiate new shareholders' agreements.

Nature of the Agreement and persons exercising control over the Company through the Agreement

In view of the above, it is considered that the Agreement is material pursuant to article 122, paragraph 5, letters a) and b) of the TUF.

In view of the nature of the Agreement and by virtue of its provisions, no person is in a position to exercise control over Hera.

3) Second-level Shareholders' Agreement, Modena area

The total number of voting rights conferred on the voting syndicate is 233,486,914 and the relative percentage of the total voting rights that make up the share capital of Hera is approximately 10.37056%.

Content of the Agreement

Voting trust

In order to take on the decisions made by the Voting Syndicate, the Parties have established a deliberative body of the Voting Syndicate (the Shareholders' meeting of the Voting Trust) composed of the pro-tempore legal representatives of each Party or their delegates.

The Shareholders' meeting of the Voting Trust meets:

- at least one day before each meeting of the Voting Trust Committee, in accordance with the Hera Agreement, that includes on its agenda one of the resolutions and activities referred to in Article 4.3 of the Hera Pact;
- (ii) at least one day before each meeting of the Hera S.p.A. shareholders that includes any items on its agenda different from that covered by the Committee as outlined in point i) above;

With reference to the process of drawing up the majority list for appointing the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A., if under the Hera Pact:

- (i) only one member of the majority list for the Board of Directors elections is reserved for the parties to the Modena pact, the Shareholders' meeting of the Voting Trust shall arrange for it;
- (ii) the parties to the Modena agreement are assigned the right to designate two members of the majority list for the Board of Directors election, the Municipality of Modena will be in charge of designating who will be proposed as vice chairman of the Board of Directors, while the second member will be designated by the Shareholders' meeting of the Voting Trust;
- (iii) more than two members of the majority list for the election of the Board of Directors are to be appointed by the Parties to the Modena agreement; the Municipality of Modena will be responsible for appointing two thirds of the members, rounded up to the nearest whole number, including the one who will be proposed as vice president, while the other members will be appointed by the Shareholders' meeting of the Voting Trust.

The Shareholders' Meeting of the Voting Trust shall resolve on the basis of the number of Hera shares blocked under the Hera Pact held by each Party, with reference to the total number of Hera shares blocked under the Hera Pact held by the Parties as a whole: for resolutions to be valid, there must be present a number of Parties holding at least 4/5 of the blocked shares and a yes vote by a number of Parties holding at least 4/5 of the blocked shares in relation to those held by the Parties present.

Rules for blocked Hera shares

The Modena agreement does not provide for a specific Blocking Syndicate; rather, it refers to the Hera pact for the regulation of the blocked shares covered by it.

Rules for non-blocked Hera shares

The Modena agreement refers to the Hera pact for the regulation of the transfer of non-blocked shares. It also states that the Parties undertake to define, in advance and jointly, at the Shareholders' Meeting, the number of shares to be transferred.

Agreement duration

The Modena Agreement, in effect beginning 1 July 2018, shall remain in force until 30 June 2021. The parties have undertaken to renegotiate the Agreement in good faith, with due respect for the spirit of the Agreement and with a view to its expiry.

Nature of the Agreement and persons exercising control over the Company through the Agreement

In view of the above, it is considered that the Agreement is material pursuant to article 122, paragraph 5, letters a) and b) of the TUF.

In view of the nature of the Modena Agreement and by virtue of its provisions, no person is in a position to exercise control over Hera.

Penalties

The Party that is in breach of the provisions of the Agreement shall be liable to pay a penalty equal to five per cent of the value of the Hera shares held at the time of the breach, calculated as the arithmetic mean of the official stock market prices of the Hera share during the 15 trading days prior to the date of the breach.

4) Sub-agreement between the Municipalities of Padua and Trieste

The Agreement concerns 101,696,159 ordinary Hera shares, equal to 6.82736% of the current share capital of Hera, held in total by the two participating municipalities, and 203,392,318 voting rights, equal to 9.03388% of the total voting rights that make up the share capital.

Content of the Sub-agreement

The purpose of the Sub-agreement is to establish a consultation and voting syndicate that will be instrumental to ensuring the realization of certain provisions regarding Hera's corporate governance in implementation of the provisions of the Agreement. Specifically, the Sub-agreement regulates the procedures for the joint appointment of a member of the Hera Executive Committee, providing that the Parties confirm their mutual commitment to consulting in good faith in order to identify and agree which of the two directors elected to the Company's Board of Directors, upon their appointment, should be the director to be appointed as member of the Hera Executive Committee.

As agreed to by the Parties, with effect from November 2018 and until the natural expiry of the Board of Directors of Hera, the director designated by the Municipality of Padua has assumed the position of member of the Executive Committee in place of the member representing the Municipality of Trieste, previously in office.

Duration of the Sub-agreement

The Sub-agreement has a duration of three years from the date of its signing (26 June 2018).

In view of the expiry of the Sub-agreement, the parties undertake, in accordance with the principles of good faith, to do everything in their power, and in compliance with current legislation, to renegotiate new shareholders' agreements in accordance with the spirit of this Sub-agreement.

Nature of the Agreement and persons exercising control over Hera S.p.A. through the Sub-agreement

In view of the above, it is considered that the Agreement is material pursuant to article 122, paragraph 5, lett. a) del TUF. In view of the nature of the Agreement and by virtue of its provisions, no person is in a position to exercise control over Hera.

g) Mandates to increase share capital and authorisations to purchase treasury shares (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter m) of the TUF)

The shareholder's meeting of 30 April 2019 authorized, pursuant to the limits established by Article 2357 of the Italian Civil Code, to purchase, within 18 months of the date of the resolution, on one or more occasions, up to a revolving maximum of 60 million ordinary Hera shares with a par value of 1 euro each, equal to approximately 4.03% of the ordinary shares making up the share capital, in accordance with the following conditions:

- unit purchase price not lower than the par value and not more than 10% higher than the reference price recorded on the stock-market trading day preceding each individual purchase;
- (ii) the purchases and all the deeds concerning the treasury shares may occur at a price that does not involve negative economic consequences for the company, and must occur in compliance with the laws, regulations and provisions established by the supervisory body and/or Borsa Italiana S.p.A., involving a maximum increase in investment of 200 million euro.
- (iii) use of the treasury shares purchased within the scope of transactions representing investment opportunities or other transactions involving the allocation or disposal of treasury shares;

It should be noted that the buy-back authorisation only concerns the purchase of ordinary shares, thus excluding the possibility of purchasing derivative financial instruments, and that the number of treasury shares in portfolio at the end of the 2019 financial year was 14,074,512.

3 Compliance (pursuant to art. 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter a), TUF)

Hera abides by the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (hereinafter referred to as the Code), which contains a detailed series of recommendations concerning principles and rules for the management and control of listed companies, in order to increase the clarity and concreteness of persons and roles, particularly with regard to the independent directors and the internal committees of the Board of Directors.

Although adoption of the principles contained in the Code is not demanded by any legal obligation, the Company agreed to the principles of the Code, and to the modifications and integrations so as to reassure investors that a clear and well-defined organisational model exists within the company, with appropriate divisions of responsibility and powers and a correct balance between management and control, as an effective tool for enhancing and protecting the value of its shareholders' investment. The full text of the Code currently in force is available to the public on the Committee for Corporate Governance website, at: https://www.borsaitaliana.it/borsaitaliana/regolamenti/corporategovernance/codice2018clean.pdf

4 Board of Directors

Hera has an ordinary/traditional system of governance. The following paragraphs describe the composition and functioning of the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors.

a) Appointment and replacement (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter I) of the TUF)

List voting

The appointment of the Board of Directors is subject to the list voting mechanism, in order to guarantee that the Board of Directors includes Directors designated by minority shareholders, in compliance with current legislation on gender balance. Specifically, Articles 16 and 17 of the Articles of Association govern the terms and conditions for filing and publishing lists, as well as the related documentation, in compliance with current regulations.

The lists presented by shareholders must include at least two candidates satisfying the independence requirements established for the statutory auditors by Article 148, paragraph 3 of Legislative Decree 58/1998 and by the Corporate Governance Code drawn up by the Corporate Governance Committee of Borsa Italiana S.p.A., together with the candidates' CVs, a declaration of the individual candidates stating that they accept the office and certifying the non-existence of any ineligibility and/or incompatibility provided by law and any applicable declaration of satisfaction of the independence requirements established for statutory auditors by Article 148, paragraph 3 of the TUF and those established by the Civil Code.

The lists must be filed, in accordance with article 17.5 of the Articles of Association, at the registered office at least 25 days before the Shareholders' Meeting, and made available to the public at the registered office and on the website www.gruppohera.it at least 21 days before the meeting.

The terms and conditions for the filing of lists are indicated by the Company in the Shareholders' Meeting notice of call. Each shareholder may submit or participate in the submission and voting of only one list. Subscriptions and votes cast in violation of this prohibition shall not be attributed to any list.

Eligibility to submit lists and their composition

Lists for the appointment of members of the Board of Directors may be submitted by shareholders representing at least 1% of the share capital with voting rights at the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting, unless otherwise provided for by current legislation, to be indicated in the notice of call.

In this regard, it should be noted that, on the occasion of the last renewal of the administrative body which took place at the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017, the shareholding required for presenting lists of candidates for the election of the sitting administrative body was identified by Consob (through Resolution No. 19856 of 25 January 2017) in the amount of 1%, equal to the percentage provided for in article 17.4 of the current Articles of Association.

In order to demonstrate ownership of the number of shares necessary for presenting lists, shareholders must file the appropriate certification proving ownership of the number of shares represented at the registered office within the deadline set by the Company for posting the lists.

In addition, in order to ensure the election of the minimum number of independent directors, pursuant to article 17.3 of the Articles of Association, at least two candidates on each list must meet the independence requirements established for Statutory Auditors by article 148, paragraph 3 of Legislative Decree 58/1998 and by the Corporate Governance Code drawn up by the Corporate Governance Committee of Borsa Italiana S.p.A.

The provisions of article 17 of the Articles of Association, as will be modified by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of 29 April 2020, in implementation of Law 160 of 27 December 2019, also guarantee compliance with current legislation regarding the balance between genders in the administrative and control bodies of listed companies.

If the list voting system does not ensure the minimum gender quota required by law, the candidate of the most represented gender positioned last on the list of candidates elected from the list with the highest number of votes shall be replaced by the candidate of the less-represented gender who was positioned first among the non-elected candidates on the same list and so on, up to the minimum number of directors belonging to the less-represented gender. If the minimum number of directors belonging to the less represented gender still has not been reached even after applying this criterion, the replacement criterion indicated will be applied to the minority lists, starting from the list that received the highest number of votes.

Appointment mechanism

The members of the Board of Directors are appointed in accordance with the provisions of Articles 16 and 17 of the Articles of Association, as will be modified by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of 29 April 2020, and therefore:

- the company is managed by a Board of Directors composed of 15 members;
- the members of the Board of Directors are appointed on the basis of lists in which the candidates are marked with a progressive number and, in any case, number no more than the number of members to be elected:
- 11 members taken from the list that obtained the highest number of votes according to the rank order in which they were listed, of which at least 4 must be of the less-represented gender;
- for the appointment of the remaining four members, the votes obtained by each of the lists other than the majority list, and which have not been presented or voted for by shareholders connected to the shareholders who presented or voted for the same majority list in accordance with the regulations in force at the time, are subsequently divided by one, two, three and four; The quotients deriving from this division are progressively assigned to the candidates on each list, in the order provided for by the list. Candidates are then arranged in a single descending ranking, according to the quotients assigned to each candidate. The candidates elected shall be those who the highest quotients, in relation to the remaining members to be elected, of which at least one must be of the less-represented gender.

Replacement of directors

In accordance with Article 17.10 of the Articles of Association, if one or more directors appointed on the basis of the list voting system should leave office during the course of the financial year, their places will be filled by means of the co-opting, pursuant to Article 2386 of the Italian Civil Code, of the first unelected candidates from the list to which the departing directors belonged who have not yet been members of the Board of Directors, respecting the principles of gender balance set forth by the law. If, for any reason, no candidates are available, the Board, in compliance with the principles of gender balance set forth by the law, and again pursuant to Article 2386 of the Italian Civil Code, will carry out the co-opting. The directors thus appointed will remain in office until the next Shareholders' Meeting, which will deliberate in accordance with the procedures established for the appointment.

Plans of succession

The Board of Directors, as regards executive director nomination procedures, that are determined by public shareholders and the evaluations that can be traced to the latter, does not consider it necessary to elaborate a plan of succession for the aforementioned directors. If the mandate of the directors were to end, the function of Chairman as legal representative, will be taken over by the Vice-Chairman. The Board of Directors will have the authority to co-opt new directors to replace those who stepped down and deliberate on the allocation of proxies. The first Meeting will act to supplement the Board of Directors.

b) Composition (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d) and d-bis, of the TUF)

The shareholder's meeting held 27 April 2017 has appointed for three financial years a Board of Directors, whose mandate lasts from now until the approval of the financial statement for the 2019 financial year, composed of 15 members, including:

- 11 members taken from the list that obtained the highest number of votes according to the rank order in which they were listed, of which at least 4 of the less-represented gender;
- 4 members taken from the lists that were not the one that obtained the highest number of votes and which were neither presented nor voted on by shareholders associated with the shareholders who presented or voted for the majority list, of which at least 1 of the less-represented gender;

This appointment was thus made on the basis of the list voting system, in order to ensures that at least 1/5 of the directors are appointed from the minority list in compliance with the provisions of Article 4 of Decree-Law 332 of 31 May 1994, converted from Law no. 474 of July 30 1994.

At the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017 mentioned above, three lists of candidates were presented, listed below along with an indication of their proposing Shareholders:

List no. 1, presented by the shareholders Municipality of Bologna, Municipality of Casalecchio di Reno, Municipality of Cesena, Municipality of Modena, Municipality of Padova, Municipality of Trieste, Municipality of Udine, Con.Ami, Holding Ferrara Servizi Srl, Ravenna Holding Spa and Rimini Holding Spa, who, together with 107 other public shareholders, were at the time parties to the "Shareholders' Agreement on Voting and Share Transfer Rules" of 23 June 2015, and who together hold 666,023,417 Hera shares, corresponding to 44.71% of the voting shares of Hera S.p.A., a list that was voted for by 61.327607% of the share capital present, containing the names, in ranked order, of the following candidates:

- 1. Tomaso Tommasi di Vignano
- 2. Stefano Venier
- 3. Giovanni Basile
- 4. Giorgia Gagliardi
- 5. Stefano Manara
- 6. Danilo Manfredi
- 7. Giovanni Xilo
- 8. Sara Lorenzon
- 9. Marina Vignola
- 10. Aldo Luciano
- 11. Federica Seganti

List no. 2, presented by the shareholders Arca Fondi S.G.R. S.p.A., manager of the Arca Azioni Italia fund; Eurizon Capital SGR Spa manager of the following funds: Eurizon Progetto Italia 40, Eurizon Progetto Italia 20, Eurizon Azioni Italia, Eurizon Azioni PMI Italia and Eurizon Progetto Italia 70; Eurizon Capital SA manager of the following funds: Equity Italy, Equity Small Mid Cap Italy and Equity Italy Smart Volatility; Fideuram Asset Management (Ireland) manager of the following funds: Fideuram Fund Equity Italy and Fonditalia Equity Italy; Fideuram Investimenti Spa, manager of the Fideuram Italia fund; Interfund Sicav Interfund Equity Italy; Legal & General Assurance (Pensions Management) Limited; Mediolanum Gestione Fondi SGR Spa, manager of: Mediolanum Flessibile Italia and Mediolanum Flessibile Sviluppo Italia funds; Mediolanum International Funds - challenge fund - challenge fund Italian Equity; Pioneer Investment Management SGRpa, manager of the Pioneer Azionario Crescita fund; Pioneer Asset Management SA, manager of the PF Italian Equity and PF European Potential funds, together holders of 19,140,764 Hera shares, corresponding to 1.255% of the Hera Spa shares with voting rights, a list that was voted for by 23.625290% of the share capital present, and containing the names, in ranked order, the following candidates:

- 1. Erwin Paul Walter Rauhe
- 2. Francesca Fiore
- 3. Duccio Regoli
- 4. Sofia Bianchi
- 5. Silvia Muzi

List no. 3, presented by the shareholder Gruppo Società Gas Rimini Spa, owner of 30,771,269 Hera shares, corresponding to 2.065825% of the Hera Spa shares with voting rights, a list that was voted for by 14.642686% of the share capital company present, containing the names, in ranked order, of the following candidates:

- 1. Massimo Giusti
- 2. Bruno Tani
- 3. Fabio Bacchilega
- 4. Valeria Falce

Following the shareholders' meeting vote, as well as the subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors held on the same date for the appointment of Executive Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Vice President, the administrative body was made up as follows:

- 1. Tomaso Tommasi di Vignano (Chairman of the Executive Committee)
- 2. Stefano Venier (Chief Executive Officer)
- 3. Giovanni Basile (Vice Chairman of the Executive Committee)
- 4. Giorgia Gagliardi
- 5. Stefano Manara
- 6. Danilo Manfredi
- 7. Giovanni Xilo
- 8. Sara Lorenzon
- 9. Marina Vignola
- 10. Aldo Luciano
- 11. Federica Seganti

- 12. Erwin Paul Walter Rauhe
- 13. Massimo Giusti
- 14. Francesca Fiore
- 15. Duccio Regoli

It should also be noted that, following the appointment and more precisely with effect from 5 October 2017, director Aldo Luciano resigned from office; the Board of Directors of Hera Spa, pursuant to article 17.10 of the current Articles of Association of Hera Spa and pursuant to article 2386 of the Civil Code, in the meeting of 8 November 2017, through with a resolution approved by the Board of Statutory Auditors, acted to appoint by cooptation Alessandro Melcarne to replace Aldo Luciano, specifying that the co-opted director would remain in office until the next Assembly of Shareholders who, on 28 April 2018, confirmed his appointment.

The current composition of the Board of Directors is indicated below while Table 1 attached to this report provides more detailed information on the composition and functioning of the Board of Directors, as well as the specific section on the Company's website where the personal and professional details of each director are outlined.

Name, last name	Position	Category
Tomaso Tommasi di Vignano	Chairman	Executive Director
Stefano Venier	Chief Executive Officer	Executive Director
Giovanni Basile	Vice Chairman	Non-executive, independent director
Francesca Fiore	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Giorgia Gagliardi	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Massimo Giusti	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Sara Lorenzon	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Stefano Manara	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Danilo Manfredi	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Alessandro Melcarne	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Erwin Paul Walter Rauhe	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Duccio Regoli	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Federica Seganti	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Marina Vignola	Director	Non-executive, independent director
Giovanni Xilo	Director	Non-executive, independent director

Diversity Criteria and Policies

The appointment of the Board of Directors took place during the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017, following the presentation of three lists, one majority and two minority, which guaranteed, in accordance with regulatory provisions currently in force on the balance between genders, that at least 1/3 of the members of the Board of Directors consisted of the less-represented gender (five members of the less-represented gender out of a total of 15 directors).

Of the current 15 directors, five are between 30 and 50 years old, eight are between 50 and 60 years old and two are over 60 years old, for an average age of 52.

The directors possess proven professional competence in financial, economic, and legal matters and in the fields of sustainability, social and environmental issues.

The Board of Directors has expressed a high level of satisfaction with its composition, the characteristics of its components and its functioning.

Furthermore, Hera maintains as a priority the objective of ensuring equal treatment and opportunities between genders, including within the company organization as a whole, on the assumption that:

differences in gender, culture and origin are now universally recognized as a value and must therefore be managed in the best possible way;

feeling equal and included leads to the generation of cooperative behaviours at work and fosters an organisational coexistence which promotes greater sharing of the company culture.

Already in 2011, in order to further promote the development and dissemination of a company policy on equal opportunities and equality at work, the figure of the Diversity Manager was established with the aim of fostering the implementation of this company policy on equal opportunities and diversity enhancement.

The mission of Diversity Management can be described in the following macro-points:

- spreading the culture of inclusion among public, private and civil society, and sharing best practices with local institutions and companies to strengthen the social network;
- supporting the management and valorisation of plurality in the company;
- strengthening the Hera Group's role in developing the culture of appreciating differences and fostering work-life balance.

Spreading a culture of diversity, introducing time-saving projects aimed at achieving an effective balance between everyday life and work, health and wellbeing and fostering empowerment have been central themes in the company's work to date.

Accumulation of positions in other companies

In a resolution dated 10 October 2006, the Board of Directors placed a limit of one on the maximum number of posts of director or statutory auditor in listed companies that can be regarded as compatible with the role of executive director, and a limit of two on the maximum number of posts of director or statutory auditor in listed companies that can be regarded as compatible with the role of non-executive director.

The Board of Directors ensures that its own members participate in initiatives aimed at increasing their own knowledge of Hera's sector of activities, its company dynamics and their developments, as well as the regulatory reference frame.

Induction Programme

In line with past practices, the Board of Directors has taken steps to prepare specific and in-depth discussions at Board meetings, intensifying this action in order to ensure that the directors acquire adequate knowledge of the main issues concerning the Company as quickly as possible.

Starting from previous years, specific induction sessions were carried out to provide directors with adequate knowledge of the main sectors of activity (networks, energy and environment) and several in-depth sessions were prepared, within the meetings of the Board of Administration, focusing on business issues, investments, organization, the market scenario, the evolution of regulations, upcoming tenders, and risk management.

The induction plan and updating sessions related to risk issues (in particular environmental ones) and investments continued in 2019 as well

Specifically, visits to the Group's plants and production sites were organized; furthermore, in-depth analyses were carried out on risk assessment, crisis management, legislation relating to environmental services, financial risk reports and investments. New protocols have also been adopted with reference to the Organization Model pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/2001 and the periodic Reports of the Internal Controls and Risks Committee were presented.

In 2019 as well, further investigations were carried out as part of strategy day, as a moment of collaborative reflection on the future, with the support of management. These included a session dedicated to the strategic initiatives of competitors and their potential impact on the sector and on the Hera Group.

c) Role of the Board of Directors (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d) of the TUF)

The Board of Directors is the central administrative body of the Company. In conformity with the recommendations of the Code, whereby the Board of Directors must meet on a regular basis, the Company's Articles of Association require the Board to meet at least every three months and whenever the Chairman considers necessary or when requested by at least one-third of its members or by the Board of Statutory Auditors. In addition, in conformity with the recommendations of the Code, which require the Board to be organised and to operate in such a way as to guarantee the effective and efficient performance of its duties, thereby ensuring the creation of value for shareholders and defining the nature and the level of risk compatible with the issuer's strategic objectives, the Company's Articles of Association provide that the Board of Directors be vested with the widest powers for the ordinary and extraordinary management of the Company without any limitations, with the power to carry out all acts considered necessary or appropriate for the pursuit of the corporate purpose, excluding only those which, by law or by virtue of the Articles of Association, are strictly reserved to the Shareholders' Meeting.

In particular, in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, and in addition to the definition of the structure of the Group, deliberations on the following matters fall to the exclusive competence of the Board:

- appointment and/or removal of the Chairman and Vice Chairman;
- appointment and/or removal of the CEO and/or the General Manager;
- formation and composition of the Executive Committee, appointment and/or removal of the members of the Executive Committee:
- determination of the powers delegated to the Chairman, the CEO and/or the General Manager and/or the Executive Committee, and modification of those powers;
- approval and modification of any long-term plans or business plans;
- approval and modification of Group regulations, if adopted;
- recruitment and/or appointment, on the proposal of the Group CEO, of the managers responsible for each departmental area;
- proposal to place on the agenda of the Shareholders' Meeting the modification of Article 6.4 (shares and shares with increased voting rights) Article 7 (Public majority shareholding), Article 8 (Limits on shareholdings), Article 14 (Validity of Shareholders' Meetings and rights of veto) and Article 17 (Appointment of the Board of Directors) of the Articles of Association;
- the acquisition and disposal of equity investments with a value exceeding 500,000 euro (five hundred thousand);
- purchase and/or sale of properties with a value exceeding 500,000 euro;

- provision of sureties, liens and/or other real guarantees with a value exceeding 500,000 euro;
- purchase and/or sale of companies and/or business units;
- appointment of directors of subsidiaries and affiliates;
- participation in calls for tender and/or public procedures involving the assumption of contractual obligations exceeding 25 million euro.

The Board of Directors, in conformity with the provisions of Article 23 of the Articles of Association and Article 150 of Legislative Decree no. 58/98, reports regularly to the Board of Statutory Auditors, at least every three months, normally during the meetings of the Board of Directors or even directly through a written memorandum sent to the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors, on the activities carried out and on the most important economic, financial and asset-related operations carried out by the Company or its subsidiaries, as well as on the operations in which the directors have an interest, on their own behalf or that of third parties, or which are influenced by the party that exercises the activity of direction and coordination. Each director, pursuant to Article 2391 of the Italian Civil Code, informs the other directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors of any interest which, on his own account or that of third parties, he has in a given operation of the Company, indicating the nature, terms, origin and extent of that interest; if the director concerned is the Group CEO, he must refrain from carrying out the operation and entrust it to the Board.

The Board of Directors met on 11 occasions in 2019. All the directors took part in 7 of these meetings, while almost all of them took part in the other 4; all the statutory auditors took part in 7 of the meetings, while almost all of them took part in 4. The average length of the meetings of the Board of Directors was approximately two hours and forty minutes.

The high rate of participation of directors in the meetings of the Board of Directors was confirmed in 2019 (equal to 94%), in line with the average data of the companies belonging to the FTSE MIB Index.

The General director of Operations, invited to participate in the meetings of the Board of Directors, attended 10 of the meetings.

The Head of Legal and Corporate Affairs, in his capacity as Secretary of the Board of Directors, attended all of the meetings. When so required, the managers responsible for the various departmental areas participated in the meetings of the Board of Directors to refer on matters falling under their competence that are part of the agenda.

Regarding the current financial year, as of 25 March 2020, a total of 4 Board of Directors meetings have been held: all the directors and all of the statutory auditors took part in 1 of these meetings, while the other 3 meetings was were attended by almost all of the current directors and almost all of the current statutory auditors. As of that date, 4 meetings of the Board of Directors had been planned for the remainder of the year.

The Board of Directors, in conformity with the provisions of Article 1.C.1. letter g) of the Code, evaluated the size, composition and functioning of the Board itself and its committees, and confirmed its positive judgement with regard to the functioning of the Board.

This evaluation was carried out with the support of Spencer Stuart, an independent expert on issues of governance experts and administrative body consultancy services.

This company's methodology focuses on the structure and composition of the collegiate body, on the methods of operation the Board has adopted for making decisions, and on the way responsibilities should be defined. The focus is on the effectiveness of the Board and the Committees in performing their corporate policy and control functions.

This proposed methodology aims to grant continuity over time to the activities carried out in past years and is based on the following tools:

- 1. interviews with the members and chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors focused on the main areas of interest (size, composition, functioning) of the Board:
- examination of the corporate documentation (minutes of the Board meetings) and verification of the effectiveness of the actions taken during the last year, to follow up on the comments the Directors expressed during the previous selfassessment:
- 3. analyses of international best practices and comparison with these practices;

The final results of the project are presented and discussed in an ad hoc session of the Board.

Structured interviews

As indicated, the project takes place through individual interviews with the Directors and the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

The interviews are based on an Interview Schedule which is sent to the Directors before the meetings with the Spencer Stuart consultants and which covers corporate governance, the functioning of the board, the composition of the Board, and the exercise of direction and control powers.

Each question requires both a quantitative assessment and a qualitative comment on the topic under examination. The directors express the degree to which they agree with the statements contained in the interview schedule, using an internationally recognized scale.

All the analyses and comments are processed in an absolutely anonymous and confidential manner. By way of example, the thematic areas relating to the end-of-mandate balance sheet and the guidelines for the qualitative and quantitative composition of the Board of Directors are analysed; in addition, as per common practice, the assessment also addresses issues relating to the organization of the Board of Directors and its Committees, the roles and responsibilities of the Directors with a focus on certain key issues, the participation and commitment displayed by the Directors, and the overall effectiveness of the Board of Directors.

Examination of company documents

Hera's corporate documentation is analysed in order to understand the Board the Committees' level of involvement and to verify aspects such as the frequency and average duration of the meetings, methods for presenting proposals, the quality of information given to the Board, the level of participation of the Directors and any managers invited to participate, the contributions the Directors make to the discussions and the quality of the minutes.

Analyses of international best practices

The interviews with the Directors also involve analysing the operating practices adopted by the Hera Board of Directors so as to compare them with the best practices.

The interviews of the directors revealed a very high overall level of appreciation for the way the Board operates: the responses, in accordance with the topics included in the interview schedule, are equal to 92 %.

Spencer Stuart, which supported the Board of Directors in this assessment activity, underlined that the level of appreciation in this case is very high as compared with other Boards in Italy and abroad.

The Board of Directors, in the 25 March 2020 meeting, expressed a positive judgement as to the size, composition and functioning of the Board itself, as well as of the Committees into which it is divided.

In particular, the areas of excellence the Directors appreciated the most include:

- the usefulness of the annual meeting of the Directors;
- the minutes of meetings of the Board, which were precise, exhaustive and faithful;
- the effectiveness of the functions carried out by the Board of Directors as regards risk management;;
- the effectiveness of the functions carried out by the Board of Directors as regards Corporate Social Responsibility CSR:

the structure of the "crisis management" process. Of the proposals that were identified as part of the Directors' assessments, the following are of note:

- revising, in light of the recent publication of the new Self-Regulatory Code for listed Companies, the Corporate Governance policies;
- continue organising the "Strategy Day", as a time at which the Board can reflect on the future;
- continue with training activities for Directors based on the defined program, including visits to significant operating sites, reinforcing the sessions concerning investments, risks and subsidiaries and jointly controlled companied.

d) Delegated bodies

There are two executive directors on the Hera Board of Directors, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer, to whom different company sectors report and to whom the consequent powers have been granted as explained in more detail below. Neither of the two executive directors can be described as the principal supervisor for the management of the company (chief executive officer).

Chairman of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors passed a unanimous resolution to grant the following powers to the Chairman:

- 1. to chair and direct the Shareholders' Meetings;
- 2. to establish the agenda of the meetings of the Board of Directors, taking into account the proposals of the CEO;
- 3. to oversee the deliberations of the Company's administrative bodies, without neglecting the reports presented periodically by the Internal Auditing Department;
- 4. to represent the Company before third parties and in legal proceedings, with the power to appoint attorneys and lawyers:
- 5. in cases of urgency, in association with the CEO, to make any decision falling within the competence of the Board of Directors, informing the Board of Directors accordingly at its next meeting;
- in association with the CEO, to propose to the Board of Directors the appointment of Company representatives on the administrative and control bodies of affiliate companies;
- 7. to represent the company in relations with the shareholding Public Authorities;
- 8. to propose to the Board the candidates for membership of the Committees that the Board may decide to establish in compliance with the Stock Exchange regulations which the Company is obliged to observe, or that it intends to establish;
- 9. to execute the decisions of the Shareholders' Meeting and of the Board of Directors as far as his authority permits;
- 10. to supervise the Company's performance for the purposes of achieving the corporate goals and to draw up proposals relating to the management of the Company to be submitted to the Board of Directors;
- 11. to be responsible for organizing the services and offices under his authority, as well as the employees working under him:
- 12. to sign company correspondence and deeds associated with the exercise of the powers attributed to him and the functions he holds;
- 13. to supervise the management of the Company and, as far as his authority permits, of its subsidiaries, reporting each month to the Board of Directors;
- 14. to draw up the Long-term Plans to be submitted to the Board of Directors; to implement corporate and Group strategies, within the context of the directives established by the Board, and to exercise the delegated powers, particularly those listed here, in accordance with the said strategies and directives;
- 15. to propose to the Board any initiatives that he may deem useful to the interests of the Company and the Group, and to draw up proposals on matters reserved to the competence of the Board;
- **16.** to represent the Company in the shareholders' meetings of companies, associations, entities and bodies that do not constitute joint-stock companies, of which the Company is a member, with the power to issue special proxies;
- 17. to make payments into bank and post office accounts of the Company, and to endorse cheques and drafts for crediting to the said accounts;

- 18. to actively or passively represent the Company before public and private entities and offices, Chambers of Commerce, Stock Exchanges, the National Commission for Listed Companies and the Stock Exchange (Consob), the Ministry for Foreign Trade, and the Italian Exchange Office, and any other Public Administration or Authority; by way of example:
 - to sign notices, including notices to the General Register of Shares and to Consob, and to fulfil the corporate obligations provided by law and regulations;
 - b) to submit reports, motions and appeals, to apply for licences and authorisations;
- 19. to represent the Company in all active and passive lawsuits, in all degrees of civil and administrative proceedings, before arbitration boards, with the widest powers to:
 - to bring jurisdictive, conservative, restraining and executive actions, request summary judgements and seizures of property and oppose the same, enter civil proceedings, file motions and appeals;
 - b) request and oppose any evidence, undergo free or formal examination, elect domicile, appoint lawyers, attorneys and arbitrators, and perform whatever else may be necessary for the positive outcome of the lawsuits at issue;
- 20. to stipulate and sign contracts and deeds to take on or dispose of shares, to constitute companies, associations and consortiums with a value not exceeding 500 thousand euro for each transaction;
- 21. to establish, in the Company's interests, consultancy relationships with external experts and professional consultants, specifying the terms and conditions of payment, all within the limits of 300 thousand euro for each operation;
- 22. as far as his authority permits, to stipulate, amend and terminate commercial agreements with companies and entities;
- 23. as far as his authority permits, to stipulate, with all the appropriate clauses, assign and terminate contracts and agreements pertaining in any manner to the corporate mission including those relating to intellectual achievements, trademarks and patents also in association with other companies, up to a limit of 2 million euro for each transaction;
- 24. to provide for the expenses incurred by the Company for investments; stipulate, amend and terminate the relative contracts, in particular for:
 - a) works and supplies necessary for the transformation and maintenance of properties and plants up to an amount of 20 million euro for each individual operation;
 - b) purchases and disposals of furniture, fittings, machinery and moveable assets in general, including those enrolled in public registers, up to an amount of 10 million euro for each individual operation, as well as finance leases and rentals of such assets, with the cost limit referring to the annual rental;
 - purchases, including those under usage licence with the cost limit referring to the annual premium, and job orders relating to EDP programmes;
 - d) commercial information;
- 25. to participate, as far as his authority permits, in the capacity of representative of the Company, as Parent Company or as principal company, in the formation of joint ventures, TACs (Temporary Associations of Companies), EGEIs (European Groups of Economic Interest), consortiums and other entities, issuing and receiving the relative mandates, for the purpose of participating in tenders for the awarding of works, services and supplies;
- 26. to take part, as far as his authority permits, in the Company's name, including in TACs (Temporary Associations of Companies), EGEIs (European Group of Economic Interest), consortiums and other entities, in tenders for contracts or concessions, auctions, private invitations to tender, private negotiations, calls for bids and other public auctions at national, EU and international levels, both private and public, for the award of works, plant supplies, including turnkey and / or goods and / or studies and / or research and / or services in general to any national, EU or international entity, public or private; to submit applications for participation as from the pre-qualification stage; to submit bids up to an amount of 25 million euro for each individual operation in cases of urgency, the decision concerning amounts exceeding 25 million euro will be made in association with the CEO, informing the Board of Directors accordingly at its next meeting; in the case of awarding, to sign the relevant documents, contracts and commitments, including the issue of guarantees and/or the establishment of guarantee deposits, with the widest powers to negotiate, settle and/or complete all the clauses that he may deem necessary and/or appropriate and/or useful;
- 27. to take out, modify and cancel insurance policies, with the cost limit referring to the annual premium, including for surety policies, up to the value of 500 thousand euro for each operation (this limit will not apply to transactions connected with participation in tenders);
- 28. to draw up, sign and implement deeds of sale, purchase, and expropriation of properties and to grant, modify or cancel the in rem rights associated with these properties, with the option of carrying out all the operations associated with and consequent to this, including paying and/or receiving, also in instalments, the payment, and to pay out possible damages and waive statutory mortgages, up to a total of 500 thousand euro for each operation;
- 29. to draw up, sign and implement deeds of association, modification or extinguishment for positive and negative easements, voluntary or of necessity, and to initiate expropriation proceedings for properties, installations, equipment and plants serving these networks, as well as any other deed that might become necessary for fine-tuning the easements in question, with the authority to execute all the associated and consequent deeds, including paying and/or receiving, also in instalments, the payment and to pay out possible damages and waive statutory mortgages, up to a total of 500 thousand euro for each operation;
- 30. to rent or let out properties under leases or subleases and stipulate, amend and terminate the relative contracts;
- 31. to deliberate the cancellation, reduction or restriction of mortgages or liens registered in favour of the Company, as well as subrogations in favour of third parties, where the aforesaid cancellations and waivers are requested further or subordinate to the full discharge of the credit;
- 32. to establish, register and renew mortgages and liens on the account of third parties and to the benefit of the Company; permit mortgage cancellations and limitations on the account of third parties and to the benefit of the Company for return and reduction of obligations; waive mortgages and mortgage subrogations, including those of a legal nature, and effect any other mortgage transaction, always on the account of third parties and to the benefit of the Company, and therefore receivable, exonerating the competent property registrars from each and every responsibility;

- 33. to appoint lawyers and attorneys for dispute proceedings of any judicial degree; conclude transactions up to a maximum of 5 million euro for each individual transaction, sign arbitral settlements and compromise agreements, and nominate and appoint arbitrators;
- 34. to define the functional structures of the Company and its subsidiaries, within the framework of the general organisation guidelines established by the Board, specify the criteria for personnel hiring and management in compliance with the annual budget; propose the engagement of directors for each department to the Board of Directors, in consultation with the Executive Committee; engage, appoint and dismiss personnel in accordance with the provisions contained in the annual budgets; promote disciplinary sanctions, dismissals and any other measure in relation to personnel;
- 35. to represent the Company in all lawsuits pertaining to labour law, including the power to:
 - a) settle individual labour disputes concerning all categories of employees;
 - b) request and oppose any evidence, undergo free or formal examination, elect domicile, appoint lawyers, attorneys and arbitrators, and perform whatever else may be necessary for the positive outcome of the lawsuits at issue;
- 36. represent the Company before Social Security and Welfare offices and entities for the settlement of issues relating to employees of the Company, and also before Trade Unions in negotiations for contracts, agreements and labour disputes, with the power to sign the related documents;
- 37. grant and revoke powers of attorney within the sphere of the aforesaid powers, for individual acts or categories of acts, to both employees of the Company and to third parties including legal entities;
- 38. as far as his authority permits, decide on the Company's subscription to bodies, associations and entities of a scientific or technical nature or pertaining to studies and research within the Company's field of interest, where the related subscription fees do not represent an interest in the equity of the entity concerned and where participation in the same does not involve an outlay of more than 300 thousand euro for each operation;
- **39.** the Chairman is assigned the powers and responsibilities set forth in Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30 June 2003 concerning the protection of individuals and other parties with regard to the processing of personal data, with the power of delegation;
- 40. the Chairman, within the scope and limits of the respective delegations and reporting lines of the various corporate structures, is charged, as far as his authority permit, with the establishment and maintenance of the Internal Control and Risk Management Systems. To this end, as far as his authority permits, he: To this end, as far as his authority permits, he:
 - ensures that the Risk Committee identifies the main business risks, taking into account the activities carried out by the Company and its subsidiaries, and periodically presents those risks for examination by the Board of Directors,
 - implements the guidelines defined by the Board of Directors, ensuring that the responsible business structures design, create and manage the Internal Control and Risk Management Systems, constantly checking their overall appropriateness, effectiveness and efficiency,
 - ensures that the system is suited to the dynamics of the operating conditions and of the legislative and regulatory context.
 - may ask the Internal Auditing Structure to perform checks on specific operational areas, and on compliance with internal rules and procedures in carrying out corporate operations,
 - e) promptly informs the Control and Risks Committee (or the Board of Directors) regarding problem areas or issues that emerge in carrying out his activities or of which he has been informed, in order that the Committee (or Board) may take appropriate actions.

In relation to the powers listed above, and in conformity with Article 2 of the Code, it is noted that the Board of Directors has granted management authority to the Chairman due to the organisational complexity of the Hera Group and for the purposes of a more efficient achievement of the company's business and strategies. In this regard, according to the organizational structure the President is responsible for Legal and Corporate Central Management, Human Resources and Organization Central Management, External Relations Central Management, Planning, Regulatory Affairs and Local Authorities Central Management, Corporate Services Central Management and the Investor Relator Department, as well as the businesses related to the activities of the companies Herambiente Spa, Marche Multiservizi Spa and AcegasApsAmga Spa.

Chief Executive Officer

The Board of Directors passed a unanimous resolution to grant the following powers to the Chief Executive Officer:

- 1. to execute the decisions of the Shareholders' Meeting and of the Board of Directors as far as his authority permits;
- 2. in cases of urgency, in association with the Chairman, to make any decision falling within the competence of the Board of Directors, informing the Board of Directors accordingly at its next meeting;
- 3. to implement corporate and Group strategies, within the context of the directives established by the Board of Directors, and to exercise the delegated powers, particularly those listed here, in accordance with the said strategies and directives;
- 4. to propose to the Board any initiatives that he may deem useful to the interests of the Company and the Group, and to draw up proposals on matters reserved to the competence of the Board;
- 5. to draw up the annual budget to be submitted to the Board of Directors;
- 6. to be responsible for organizing the services and offices under his authority, as well as the employees working under him;
- to make monthly reports to the Board of Directors, as far as his authority permits, as regards the specified subsidiary companies;
- 8. to sign company correspondence and deeds associated with the exercise of the powers attributed to him and the functions he holds;
- to stipulate, amend and terminate agreements concerning lines of credit or loans of any type and duration involving a cost commitment of up to 1 million euro for each individual transaction;

- 10. to open and close current accounts with banks and credit institutions, withdraw sums from the accounts held in the Company's name, issuing for this purpose the relative cheques or equivalent credit documents, and order transfers utilising available funds or lines of current account credit;
- to make payments into bank and post office accounts of the Company, and to endorse cheques and drafts for crediting to the said accounts;
- 12. to draw bills on customers, endorse also for discount promissory notes, bills and drafts, as well as cheques of any kind, and effect any consequential transaction;
- 13. to assign receivables and accept the assignment of receivables claimed by Company suppliers (contracts for reverse factoring and/or indirect factoring) without recourse and/or with recourse up to a maximum amount of 250 million euro per transaction and to operate with companies and factoring institutions by signing all related deeds;
- 14. to actively and passively represent the Company before the Tax Authorities and Commissions of any nature and rank, as well as before the Cassa Depositi Prestiti, the Bank of Italy, Customs Offices, and Post and Telegraphic Offices; by way of example:
 - a) to sign tax and VAT returns and to fulfil any other tax-related obligations;
 - b) to submit reports, motions and appeals, to apply for licences and authorisations;
 - c) to issue receipts, in particular for payment orders in relation to credits subject to factoring operations;
 - to perform any transaction at the Cassa Depositi Prestiti, the Bank of Italy, Customs Offices, Post and Telegraphic Offices for the shipment, deposit, clearance and collection of goods, credit instruments, parcels and packages or registered and insured letters, issuing receipts for the same;
- 15. to issue guarantees and grant loans, and sign bank surety agreements up to the value of 500 thousand euro for each transaction; this limit shall not apply to transactions relating to participation in tenders; issue, accept and endorse credit instruments;
- 16. to participate, as far as his authority permits, in the capacity of representative of the Company, as Parent Company or as principal company, in the formation of joint ventures, TACs (Temporary Associations of Companies), EGEIs (European Groups of Economic Interest), consortiums and other entities, issuing and receiving the relative mandates, for the purpose of participating in tenders for the awarding of works, services and supplies;
- 17. to take part, as far as his authority permits, in the Company's name, including in TACs (Temporary Associations of Companies), EGEIs (European Group of Economic Interest), consortiums and other entities, in tenders for contracts or concessions, auctions, private invitations to tender, private negotiations, calls for bids and other public auctions at national, EU and international levels, both private and public, for the award of works, plant supplies, including turnkey and/or goods and/or studies and/or research and/or services in general to any national, EU or international entity, public or private; to submit applications for participation as from the pre-qualification stage; to submit bids up to an amount of 25 million euro for each individual operation in cases of urgency, the decision concerning amounts exceeding 25 million euro will be made in association with the CEO, informing the Board of Directors accordingly at its next meeting; in the case of awarding, to sign the relevant documents, contracts and commitments, including the issue of guarantees and/or the establishment of guarantee deposits, with the widest powers to negotiate, settle and/or complete all the clauses that he may deem necessary and/or appropriate and/or useful;
- 18. as far as his authority permits, to stipulate, amend and terminate commercial agreements with companies and entities;
- 19. as far as his authority permits, to stipulate, with all the appropriate clauses, assign and terminate contracts and agreements pertaining in any manner to the corporate mission including those relating to intellectual achievements, trademarks and patents also in association with other companies, up to a limit of 2 million euro for each transaction;
- 20. to establish, in the Company's interests, consultancy relationships with external experts and professional consultants, specifying the terms and conditions of payment, all within the limits of 300 thousand euro for each operation;
- 21. to conclude transactions up to an amount of 5 million euro for each individual operation, sign arbitral settlements and compromise agreements, and nominate and appoint arbitrators;
- 22. to draw up, sign and implement deeds of association, modification or extinguishment for positive and negative easements, voluntary or of necessity, and to initiate expropriation proceedings for properties, installations, equipment and plants serving these networks, as well as any other deed that might become necessary for fine-tuning the easements in question, with the authority to execute all the associated and consequent deeds, including paying and/or receiving, also in instalments, the payment and to pay out possible damages and waive statutory mortgages, up to a total of 500 thousand euro for each operation;
- 23. grant and revoke powers of attorney within the sphere of the aforesaid powers, for individual acts or categories of acts, to both employees of the Company and to third parties including legal entities;
- 24. as far as his authority permits, decide on the Company's subscription to bodies, associations and entities of a scientific or technical nature or pertaining to studies and research within the Company's field of interest, where the related subscription fees do not represent an interest in the equity of the entity concerned and where participation in the same does not involve an outlay of more than 300 thousand euro for each operation:
- 25. the CEO is assigned the role of "Employer" pursuant to and for the purposes of Article 2 of Legislative Decree 81 and subsequent amendments and integrations, with the duties provided for therein and with the power to delegate, as far as is permitted by said decree, the performance of any activity useful and/or necessary for ensuring compliance with the provisions of the law, with the exception of the following Sectors/Structures, for which the role of Employer is attributed as indicated below:
 - a) Marcello Guerrini, as Corporate Systems Central Director.
 - b) Roberto Barilli, as Operations General Director and in particular for the regulated services planning and coordination department
 - c) Salvatore Molè, as Innovation Central Director.
 - d) Franco Fogacci, as Director of Water;
 - e) Antonio Dondi, as Director of Environmental Services;

- Cristian Fabbri, as Director of the Central Market Department (especially for activities regarding district heating, the Imola cogenerator productive unit and all the plants and activities falling under this authority).
- 26. the CEO is responsible for managing activities relating to the Register of Freight Carriers, with the power of delegation;
- 27. the CEO, within the scope and limits of the respective delegations and reporting lines of the various corporate structures, is charged, as far as his authority permits, with the establishment and maintenance of the Internal Control and Risk Management Systems. To this end, as far as his authority permits, he:
 - ensures that the Risk Committee identifies the main business risks, taking into account the activities carried out by the Company and its subsidiaries, and periodically presents those risks for examination by the Board of Directors,
 - implements the guidelines defined by the Board of Directors, ensuring that the responsible business structures design, create and manage the Internal Control and Risk Management Systems, constantly checking their overall appropriateness, effectiveness and efficiency,
 - c) ensures that the system is suited to the dynamics of the operating conditions and of the legislative and regulatory
 - may ask the Internal Auditing Structure to perform checks on specific operational areas, and on compliance with internal rules and procedures in carrying out corporate operations,
 - e) promptly informs the Control and Risks Committee (or the Board of Directors) regarding problem areas or issues that emerge in carrying out his activities or of which he has been informed, in order that the Committee (or Board) may take appropriate actions.
 - f) The organisational structure establishes that the Chief Executive Officer oversees the Administration Central Management, Finance and Control Department, Innovation Central Management, Shared Value and Sustainability Central Management, Business Development and Subsidiary Central Management, Market Central Management, and Operations Central Management.

Information to the Board

In conformity with the recommendations of the Code, the delegated bodies report to the Board of Directors and to the Board of Statutory Auditors, at least every three months, on the activities carried out in exercising the powers delegated to them.

The Chairman, so as to guarantee the timeliness and completeness of pre-council briefing, ensures that each director and statutory auditor has at their disposal at least three days before the meeting, with the exception of cases of necessity and urgency, all of the information and documentation necessary for discussing the items on the agenda of the meetings of the Board of Directors, in keeping with the specific procedure shared by the Board of Directors as well.

Lastly, the Chairman and the CEO ensure that the Board of Directors is also informed on the most important changes in legislation and regulations relating to the Company and the corporate bodies.

e) Executive Committee

The Board of Directors, appointed during the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017, in office until the natural expiration of the administrative body's term, and therefore until the approval of the financial statements as of 31 December 2019, as provided for by Article 23.3 of the Articles of Association, at its meeting of 10 May 2017, appointed the Executive Committee consisting of the following members: Tomaso Tommasi di Vignano, Chairman of the Executive Committee; Giovanni Basile, Vice Chairman of the Executive Committee; and Stefano Venier and Federica Seganti, members.

Subsequently, following the resignation of Federica Seganti from the Executive Committee on 8 November 2018, the Board of Directors, which met on the same date, appointed Alessandro Melcarne to replace her.

In view of the above, the Executive Committee is made up of the following:

Tomaso Tommasi di Vignano Chairman of the Executive Committee

Giovanni Basile Vice Chairman of the Executive Committee; Stefano Venier member of the Executive Committee.

Alessandro Melcarne member of the Executive Committee.

With regard to the annual definition of the Group business plan and the budget and to the proposals for the appointment of first level senior executives for each departmental area, the Committee has the task of expressing an opinion prior to presentation to the Board of Directors, and also of deciding:

- as to contracts and agreements pertaining to the corporate purpose with a value exceeding 2 million euro for each individual contract;
- in the interests of the Company, consultancy relationships with external experts and professional consultants, specifying
 the terms and conditions of payment, with a value exceeding 300 thousand euro and up to 1 million euro for each
 operation;
- 3. as to the Company's subscription to bodies, associations and entities of a scientific and technical nature or pertaining to studies and research within the Company's field of interest, where the related subscription fees do not represent an interest in the equity of the said entity and where participation in the same involves an outlay of more than 300 thousand euro and up to 1 million euro for each operation;
- 4. to settle disputes and/or waive credits of an amount exceeding 5 million euro;
- 5. as to the activation, amendment and termination of contracts for the opening of lines of credit or loans of any type and duration involving a cost commitment of more than 1 million euro and up to 5 million euro for each operation;
- 6. as to issuing calls for tender and/or the stipulation, amendment and termination of contracts for investments relating to:
 - works and supplies necessary for the transformation and maintenance of properties and plants for an amount exceeding 20 million euro for each operation;
 - purchases and disposals of furniture, fittings, machinery and moveable assets in general, including those enrolled in public registers, with a value exceeding 10 million euro for each operation;

- The Committee is also responsible for:
- 7. examining Audit Reports on a three-monthly basis
- 8. supervising, in conformity with the system of delegations defined within the Company, the implementation of the action plans arising from the audit reports.
- 9. examining the reports for the mapping and monitoring of financial risks on a three-monthly basis;

The Executive Committee met on 6 occasions in 2019, and all of the meetings were attended by all members. The average duration of the meetings of the Executive Committee was one hour and 15 minutes.

f) Independent directors

There are currently 13 independent non-executive members of the Board, Giovanni Basile, Francesca Fiore, Giorgia Gagliardi, Massimo Giusti, Sara Lorenzon, Stefano Manara, Danilo Manfredi, Alessandro Melcarne, Erwin P.W. Rauhe, Duccio Regoli, Federica Seganti, Marina Vignola and Giovanni Xilo, in the sense that they meet the independence requirements set out in the Corporate Governance Code and article 148, paragraph 3 of the TUF. Specifically, the directors indicated above have stated that:

- they do not control the issuer directly or indirectly, including via subsidiary or trust companies or third parties; they do not exercise significant influence over the issuer; they are not party to any shareholders' agreement whereby one or more parties may exercise control or significant influence over the issuer;
- they are not currently, nor have they been in the last three financial years, important representatives of the issuer, one of its subsidiaries with strategic importance or one of the companies subject to joint control together with the issuer, or of a company or body which, also together with others as a result of shareholders' agreements, controls the issuer or is able to exercise significant influence over it;
- they do not currently have, nor have they had in the previous year, either directly or indirectly, any significant commercial, financial or professional relationship:
 - o with the issuer, one of its subsidiaries or any of the related important representatives;
 - with a party who, alone or with others as a result of shareholders' agreements, controls the issuer, or in
 the case of companies or bodies with the related important representatives, and who have not been
 employees of one of the aforementioned parties in the last three financial years;
- they have not received in the last three financial years, from the issuer or from a subsidiary or parent company, significant remuneration in addition to the "fixed" emolument of the issuer's non-executive directors and the remuneration for participation in internal committees, including participation in incentive schemes linked to the company's performance, even share-based;
- they have not held the office of executive director in another company in which an executive director of the issuer holds the office of director;
- they are not shareholders or directors of a company or entity belonging to the network of the firm appointed to audit the issuer's accounts:
- they are not close relatives of a party in one of the positions described in the previous points.

The independence of the aforementioned directors had already been assessed, at the time of their appointment, by the Board of Directors, which announced the outcome by means of a press release circulated to the market.

The following circumstances do not invalidate the requirements of independence of a director: the appointment of the director by the shareholders or group of shareholders controlling the Company; the holding of the office of director of a subsidiary of the Company and receiving the related remuneration; the holding of the office of member of one of the advisory Committees cited below.

Although the case of the over nine-year term of office does not apply to any of the current independent directors, the Board of Directors, in analogy to what has happened in previous years, reserves the right to evaluate the independence of its members in relation to the duration requirement of the assignment on a case-by-case basis in keeping with the principle of substance over form.

During the 25 March 2020 session, in light of the declarations made by each of the non-executive directors and taking into account that the Board of Directors is not aware of any relationships maintained by the current non-executive directors such as to compromise or condition their independent judgment, the Board of Directors confirmed the assessment of its members' independence.

The Board of Statutory Auditors, in compliance with the provisions of article The Board of Statutory Auditors, in conformity with the provisions contained in Article 3.C.5 of the Code, has checked the correct application of the criteria and assessment procedures adopted by the Board of Directors for ascertaining the independence of its members.

During the 2019 financial year, the independent directors, in compliance with the provisions of article 3.C.6 of the Corporate Governance Code, met separately and independently on 18 December 2019.

Lead independent director

It is the right of the independent directors to identify a Lead independent director from among their own members, even though the requirements of the Corporate Governance Code for appointing this figure are not met, since the Chairman is not the main person responsible for the management of the company and does not control the issuer.

None of the 13 independent directors exercised this option and therefore the Board of Directors did not appoint a Lead Independent Director.

5. Handling of corporate information

For the purposes of governing the communication to the sector Authorities and the public of notices, data and price-sensitive information pertaining to the management and activities carried out, the dissemination of which might have an impact on the processes used for valuing the Company's shares, and consequently, on the levels of demand and supply of those shares, the Board of Directors updated the specific Group procedure by incorporating the legislative innovations effective as of 3 July 2016 introduced by the European legislation on Market abuse regulation (MAR) (EU Regulation 596/2014, Directive 2014/57/EU, EU Implementation Regulations 2016/347 and 2016/1055), as well as the Consob guidelines on the subject issued in October 2017.

This procedure has the aim of:

- I. identifying and ascertaining specific confidential and material information, i.e. information relating to data, events, projects or circumstances that may take on a privileged nature and, consequently, influence the price of Hera shares:
- II. defining procedures for authorization and management within the Group;
- III. governing the procedures for external communication in terms of documentation, notices issued, interviews given, statements made and meetings conducted.

The aforementioned procedure is aimed at identifying the corporate functions that support top management in identifying and consequently mapping the relevant information, as well as the subjects who have access to it and the moment in which such information can take on the character of inside information, based on the assessments made by top management itself.

In compliance with the provisions of the Consob Guidelines, a so-called Relevant Information List (RIL) is drawn up that includes the names of the subjects who have access to the relevant information as identified following the mapping. The RIL stands alongside the already-existing list of people with access to privileged information, the management and storage methods of which were already updated at the time in compliance with the provisions introduced by the MAR (EU Regulation 596/2014, Directive 2014/57 / EU, EU Implementing Regulation 2016/347), which, in particular, expanded the concept of privileged information, establishing that it is information of a precise nature which has not been made public and which directly or indirectly concerns one or more issuers or one or more financial instruments and which, if made public, could have a significant effect on the prices of such financial instruments or on the prices of related financial derivative instruments, and introducing the concept of inside information that is part of a protracted process.

Furthermore, in applying the internal dealing procedure updated by Hera Spa following the entry into force of the MAR (EU Regulation 596/2014, Directive 2014/57 / EU, EU Implementing Regulations 2016/523 and 2016/522) relevant subjects, obliged to communicate to Consob the transactions they carry out on the financial instruments of Hera Spa, are considered to include the members of the Board of Directors, the standing auditors, the general managers, and the holders of an equity investment calculated pursuant to article 118 of the Consob Issuers Regulation as equal to at least 10% of the total voting rights that make up the Company's share capital, as well as persons closely associated with them. This procedure governs the timing and methods of communicating the operations carried out by the relevant subjects. Hera S.p.A. has identified the Legal and Corporate Affairs Department as the entity responsible for receiving, managing and disseminating this type of information to the market.

The responsible entity will utilize the External Relations Central Department to disseminate the information to the market.

6. Internal Committees of the Board of Directors (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d) of the TUF)

The internal committees, established pursuant to the Borsa Italiana Spa's Code of Conduct, represent an internal organ of the Board of Directors with the role of consulting and making proposals; information on their composition, evaluated at the time of appointment on the basis of the specific skills and professionalism required, is available on the www.gruppohera.it website.

These committees work on the basis of internal regulations and / or communicational rules towards the Board of Directors designed to guarantee correct and efficient operation.

The Board of Directors, renewed on 27 April 2017, redefined the composition of the afore-mentioned committees at its meeting of 10 May 2017.

a) Appointments Committee

It was decided that the Board of Directors would fulfil the functions of the Appointments Committee, also in view of the fact that the appointment of Board of Directors members is carried out by shareholders through list voting at the Shareholders' meeting.

b) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee has the task of periodically assessing the adequacy, overall consistency and effective application of the policy adopted for the remuneration of executive directors and executives with strategic responsibilities, drawing on the information provided by the managing directors to do so. It makes proposals on this matter to the Board of Directors.

The Committee also submits proposals to the Board or expresses opinions on the remuneration of executive directors and other directors holding particular offices as well as the setting of performance objectives related to the variable component of this remuneration; it also monitors the effective achievement of performance objectives.

In the performance of its functions, the Remuneration Committee has access to the information and business functions necessary for carrying out its duties.

This Committee, established for the first time at the 4 November 2002 meeting of the Board of Directors and last renewed in terms of its composition on 10 May 2017, is composed of the following independent non-executive directors: Giovanni Basile, as Chairman, Francesca Fiore, Massimo Giusti and Stefano Manara.

It should be noted that Chairman Giovanni Basile, as well as member Massimo Giusti, have specific experience in financial matters deemed adequate by the Board of Directors at the time of their appointment. The Chairman of the Board of Directors

and the Group CEO may participate in the Committee's activities following an explicit invitation by the Chairman of the Committee.

The Committee met once in 2019, and this meeting was attended by all the members. The length of the meeting of the Remuneration Committee, duly recorded in the minutes, was approximately two hours.

It should be noted that, in 2019, the Remuneration Committee addressed issues surrounding the reporting of the 2018 variable remuneration (corporate objectives component and welfare component), the reporting of the 2018 variable remuneration for top management, and 2019 remuneration policies for directors and managers (RAL, RGA, RDA). On the proposal of the Remuneration Committee, with the renewal of the Board of Directors during the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017, a claw-back clause was introduced that provides for ex-post correction mechanisms in the remuneration system for executive directors, as well as a clause which, in the event of resignation, dismissal or termination of the latter, establishes an indemnity in the amount of 18 monthly salaries.

For additional information, please refer to the Report on remuneration policies and compensation paid pursuant to Article 123ter of the TUF.

c) Controls and Risks Committee

Composition and functioning of the Controls and Risks Committee (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d) of the TUF)

As established by the Code, the Board of Directors, at its meeting of 4 November 2002, passed a resolution to establish the Internal Controls Committee: Subsequently, during the course of the Company's Board of Directors meeting that took place 17 December 2012, in application of updates to the Code of Self-Discipline, the Internal Control Committee took on the additional function of Risk Management Committee in order to manage the Company's risks and support the administrative body in associated assessments and decisions. This Committee, whose composition was renewed on 10 May 2017, is made up of Giovanni Basile as Chairman, Erwin Paul Walter Rauhe, Duccio Regoli and Sara Lorenzon. It should be noted that Chairman Giovanni Basile, as well as member Erwin Paul Walter Rauhe, have specific experience in accounting and financial matters deemed adequate by the Board of Directors at the time of their appointment.

The Control and Risk Committee met seven times in 2019; five sessions were attended by all the members, while two sessions were attended by almost all the members. The average length of the meetings of the Internal Controls Committee, duly recorded in the minutes, was approximately one hour and forty minutes.

Functions assigned to the Controls and Risks Committee

The Control and Risk Committee is tasked with supervising the functionality of the internal control system, the efficiency of company processes and the reliability of the information provided to corporate bodies and the market, as well as compliance with laws and regulations and the protection of corporate assets.

The Controls and Risks Committee is furthermore tasked with supporting, through appropriate information-gathering activities, the decisions and assessments of the Board of Directors in relation to the internal control and risk management system and concerning the approval of periodic financial reports.

In carrying out its supportive role in relation to the Board of Directors, the Committee therefore expresses its judgment concerning:

- the definition of the guidelines of the internal control and risk management system in such a way that the primary risks faced by HERA and its subsidiaries are identified correctly and properly measured, managed and monitored, determining moreover the compatibility criteria of such risks with healthy and proper corporate management;
- at least on a bi-annual basis, the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control and risk management system in relation to the characteristics of the enterprise and the risk profile it has assumed;
- at least on an annual basis, the work plan drafted by the Supervisor of the Internal Auditing Structure in consultation with the Board of Statutory Auditors and the Directors in charge of the internal control and risk management system.

In addition, in order to aid the Board of Directors, the Committee specifically:

- together with the Appointed Manager in charge of drafting corporate financial documents and in consultation with the legal auditor and Board of Statutory Auditors, evaluates the proper use of accounting principles and their homogeneity in relation to drafting balance sheets and financial statements more generally;
- expresses its judgment regarding specific aspects of the identification of primary corporate risks;
- analyses periodic reports concerning the assessment of the internal control and risk management system as well
 as those drafted on at least a bi-annual basis by the Supervisor of the Internal Auditing Structure;
- communicates to the Board of Directors its preventative judgment regarding the proposals developed by the Directors in charge of the internal control and risk management system in relation to measures regarding the appointment and dismissal of the Supervisor of the Internal Auditing Structure, allotting this figure adequate resources for the completion of his or her responsibilities as well as establishing appropriate remuneration in keeping with corporate policies;
- monitors the autonomy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Internal Auditing Structure;
- evaluates the findings of the Internal Auditing Structure Supervisor's reports, of statements from the Board of Statutory Auditors and each of its individual members, of reports and any possible management letters from Independent Auditors, and of surveys and investigations carried out by other committees of the company and third parties:
- may ask the Internal Auditing Structure to perform checks on specific operational areas, contextually communicating the results to the president of the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- communicates to the Board of Directors about the activities performed by and the adequacy of the internal control and risk management system at least on the occasion of the annual and bi-annual approval of the financial statement.

During the course of the meetings held during 2019 financial year, which were duly recorded, the following measures were carried out:

- examining and approving periodic reports;
- updating ongoing and completed audits;
- drafting the 2020 Audit Plan and 2020 Budget of the Department of Internal Auditing;

The Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors or another Statutory Auditor designated by the Chairman and, at the express invitation of the Chairman of the Committee, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Group CEO, attend the Committee's meetings.

In the performance of its functions, the Controls and Risks Committee had access to the information and business functions necessary for carrying out its duties.

In relation to 2019, and following the quarterly reports released by the Controls and Risks Committee, the Board of Directors has approved the adequacy and efficacy of the internal control and risk management system, including in terms of sustainability, in relation to the features of the company and the type of risk undertaken, also considering its subsidiaries with strategic importance.

d) Ethics and Sustainability Committee

Composition and functioning

During its meeting of 12 September 2007, the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A. established the text of the mission and values and working principles of the Group, and consequently approved the updated version of the Code of Ethics that constitutes a social responsibility tool for the Company in implementing ethical principles inspired by good practices and aimed at the pursuit of the Company's mission.

Therefore, in implementing the aforementioned code, the Board of Directors, in its 8 October 2007 meeting, set up a special Committee made up of three members, at least one of whom is a director of the Company, and two experts on matters of social responsibility and the issues addressed by Legislative Decree 231/01, also highlighting that at least one member must be external.

Subsequently, in its 8 November 2018 meeting, the Hera Board of Directors, in compliance with the provisions of article 4 (Establishment and functioning of the internal committees of the Board of Directors) of the current Corporate Governance Code for listed companies of Borsa Italiana Spa, has deemed it appropriate to assign the Ethics Committee the functions of supervising the sustainability issues connected with exercising company activities and the dynamics of interaction with all stakeholders. It further decided to change the committee's name to the Ethics and Sustainability Committee and to expand its composition, raising the number of members from three to four, including two Directors of Hera Spa.

The Committee, renewed on 10 May 2017, is thus composed of two directors of Hera Spa, namely Massimo Giusti, Chairman, and Federica Seganti, appointed on 8 November 2018, as well as Mario Viviani and a manager with expertise in social responsibility.

The Board of Directors of Hera Spa, in its18 December 2019 meeting, resolved to once again update the code, adopting a fifth edition following a participatory process that involved the top management of Hera and Group employees involved through various corporate communication systems, as well as the Group's social partners. Benchmarking analyses were also carried out on other companies and meetings were held involving Group managers, middle managers and executives as spokespersons to report on previous seminars.

The Ethics and Sustainability Committee met seven times in 2019; five sessions were attended by all the members, while two sessions were attended by almost all the members. The average duration of the meetings of the Committee was approximately one hour and thirty minutes

Functions of the Ethics and Sustainability Committee

The Ethics and Sustainability Committee is responsible for monitoring the dissemination and implementation of as well as compliance with the principles of the code of ethics. Since 2008, when the code of ethics went into effect, a special confidential, direct channel has been activated between the Committee and any stakeholders interested in reporting any conduct in violation of the code and values promoted by the Group.

In the meetings held during the year, the Committee examined the reports sent in and conducted consequent investigations with the departments in question, evaluated the contents of the 2018 Sustainability Report, and launched the process of updating the Code of Ethics.

7. Internal Control and Risk Management System

The Internal Control and Risk Management System is integrated into the broader organizational and corporate governance structures adopted by Hera and duly considers the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code for Borsa Italiana Spa listed companies, reference models and best practices at national and international levels.

Risk Corporate Governance

Hera's organizational structure is designed for optimal management of any risk exposure arising from its business; it benefits from an integrated approach, aimed to uphold management effectiveness and profitability across the entire value chain.

The corporate governance system for risk management implemented by the Group enables organisational strategies to be handled uniformly and consistently (Enterprise risk management).

For a more detailed description, please refer to paragraph 1.02.01 Risk governance of the Management Report.

The Risk Committee

The Risk Committee was appointed by the Board of Directors on 28 April 2014 and consists of: Hera Spa's Executive Chairman, Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer; the Central Director of Administration, Finance and Control; the Central Director of Market, and the Enterprise Risk Manager. Furthermore, in relation to specific pertaining issues, the Central Director of Legal and Corporate Affairs, the Central Director of Corporate Services, the Central Director of Innovation and the General Director of Hera Trading Srl are also expected to attend.

The significant risks dealt with by the Risk Committee comprise the following areas: strategic, economic, financial, regulatory, competitive, technological, environmental and related to human capital.

In 2019 the Risk Committee met four times and provided information on risk management to the Board of Directors in the meetings of 20 February and 30 July 2019.

The Group's risk management structure

In the overall design of the risk management process, Hera has adopted a structured approach that mirrors industry best practices, through the introduction of Enterprise risk management (ERM). This stance is aimed at formulating a systematic and coherent approach to the control and management of risks and creating an effective model of direction, monitoring and representation so as to ensure management processes are appropriate and consistent with the objectives set by top management.

For a more detailed description, please refer to paragraph 1.02.02, Management methods, in the Management Report.

On 20 January 2016, the first ERM report was presented to the Board of Directors with a mapping of the Group's risks, accompanied by the appropriate assessment measures for each individual and consolidated risk (impact, probability, severity, control levels). At that time, the Board of Directors approved the Hera Group risk management policy Guidelines and risk limits for 2016

On 15 February 2017, the second ERM report was presented to the Board of Directors that extended the perimeter of reference and the set and types of risks subject to control. On the same occasion, the limits for 2017 and updating of the Hera Group risk management policy Guidelines were approved.

On 27 September 2017, information was presented to the Board of Directors regarding risk management activities within the Group.

In particular, the following pertinent issues were addressed:

- the lines of defence against risks and the structure of governance;
- Compliance with Law 262/2005 and compliance with Legislative Decree 231/2001, clarifying the role of the Financial Reporting Manager and the Supervisory Body in their respective reports to the Board of Directors;
- risk management governance, clarifying the role of the Risk Committee, in particular in conveying information flows to the Board of Directors, the Board of Statutory Auditors, and the Control and Risk Committee and Internal Auditing, and the governance system implemented through the adoption of the ERM with its assignment of the role of strategic direction to the Board of Directors, which is responsible for deciding on the Group's risk profile and approving the Hera Group risk management policy Guidelines.

On 10 January 2018, the third ERM report was presented to the Board of Directors.

On 10 January 2019, the fourth ERM report was presented to the Board of Directors.

On 10 January 2020, the fifth ERM report was presented to the Board of Directors with an expansion of the reference perimeter and the set of risks subject to control and backtesting of the risks relating to the previous ERM analysis. The risk limits for the year 2020 were also approved, as was the update of the Hera Group risk management policy guidelines.

a) The risk management and internal control system in relation to the financial information process

Introduction

The internal control and risk management system specific to financial reporting is designed to ensure the reliability, accuracy and timeliness of company information on financial statements and the ability of the relevant business processes to produce such information in accordance with the Group's accounting principles.

The internal control and risk management system in relation to Hera's financial information process is inspired by the CoSO Framework (issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission), an internationally recognized model.

The definition of the internal control and risk management system was established in keeping with applicable norms and regulations:

- Legislative Decree no. Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 (TUF) article 154-bis of the TUF;
- Law 262 of 28 December 2005 (and subsequent modifications, including the legislative decree to assimilate the Transparency Directive (2004/109/CE) regarding information on listed companies, approved on 30 October 2007), regarding the drafting of corporate financial document;
- Consob Issuers' Regulation of 4 May 2007 Statement of the Appointed Manager in charge of drafting corporate financial documents and of the designated administrative authorities in relation to financial and consolidated financial statements as well as to the biannual report, in compliance with article 154-bis of the TUF;
- Consob Issuers' Regulation of 6 April 2009 Assimilation of the Transparency Directive 2004/109/CE concerning the
 harmonization of transparency requirements in relation to information about the issuers whose movable value are
 permitted to enter negotiations in a regulated market, modifying directive 2001/34/EC;
- The Civil Code, which extends responsibility in corporate management (Article 2434 c.c.), for disloyalty crime originating from conferred or promised utility (Article 2635 and 2635 Bis c.c.) and for the crime of obstructing the functions of public and surveillance authorities (Article 2638 c.c.) to the Appointed Managers in charge of drafting corporate financial documents;

Legislative Decree no. 231/2001 that references the above-mentioned regulations of the Civil Code and the administrative responsibility of legal subjects for crimes committed against the Public Administration and includes the Appointed Manager in charge of drafting corporate financial documents among the Apical Subjects.

Moreover, in the implementation of the system, the Group has taken under consideration the recommendations provided by some authorities in the sector (Andaf, AIIA and Confindustria) concerning the activities of the Appointed Manager.

Description of the primary features of the internal control and risk management system in relation to the financial information process

As part of the internal control and risk management system pertaining to the financial information process, the Appointed Manager has set up an administrative and financial control Model - Regulation of the Appointed Manager for drafting corporate financial documents (hereafter also "The Model") approved by the Hera spa Board of Directors in the meeting held 27 May 2018, outlining the adopted method and associated roles and responsibilities in relation to defining, implementing, monitoring and updating the financial-administrative procedural system over time and in assessing its adequacy and effectiveness.

Hera's administrative and financial control Model defines a methodological approach for the internal control and risk management system in relation to financial information processes that is structured through the following steps:

- Risk assessment for the identification, updating and evaluation of risks regarding company information;
- identifying controls and updates for financial-administrative procedures in view of the identified risks;
- Evaluating the identified risks.

Step 1: Risk Assessment

Represents the process of identifying and/or updating the risks connected to the financial statement (risks of unintentional errors or fraud) that might have an effect on the financial statement, and is carried out under the supervision of the Appointed Manager, at least on an annual basis.

This process aims at identifying the set of objectives that the system seeks to pursue in order to ensure a truthful and accurate representation. Risk Assessments, carried out according to a top-down approach, concentrates on those areas of the financial statement wherein potential effects on financial information have been located in relation to the failure to achieve these control objectives.

As part of the process of Risk Assessment, the following tasks are carried out:

- identifying and/or updating the Group companies considered relevant in view of the proper functioning of the Group's control system for corporate reporting;
- verifying and/or updating the list of corporate processes that have been identified as relevant in view of the proper functioning of the Group's financial and administrative control system;
- reviewing the overall adequacy of the current financial and administrative control model.

The process for determining the scope of the Companies and relevant processes in terms of their potential impact on the financial statement is aimed at identifying the Subsidiary Companies, the accounts and processes associated with them, and any other financial information considered to be relevant. The evaluations are carried out using both quantitative standards and qualitative parameters.

Step 2: Identifying controls and updates for the financial-administrative procedures

An identification of the necessary checks for mitigating the risks that were identified in the previous step is carried out taking into consideration the control objectives associated with the financial statement.

Based on the above, Hera SpA has established an internal control system under which the directors of corporate functions verify the design and operating effectiveness of control activities at least annually, each for the areas under his or her jurisdiction.

The results of periodical updates applied to procedures and associated controls are communicated to the Appointed Manager by the directors of corporate departments. The directors of corporate departments provide for updating/modifying the financial-administrative procedures in relation to the areas under their managerial responsibility at least annually.

Step 3: Periodic evaluation of financial-administrative procedures and the controls they contain

The identified controls are periodically assessed in terms of their adequacy and actual effectiveness through specific testing activities according to the best practices established for the area in question.

In the course of these activities, the Appointed Manager evaluates at each given time what degree of involvement, of the directors of corporate departments and of contact persons within the Subsidiary Companies, is necessary for carrying out assessment activities.

On a bi-annual basis, the Hera Spa Appointed Manager and CEO receive specific internal statements from Hera Group subsidiary companies and relevant connected companies in reference to the completeness and reliability of information flows for the purposes of financial reporting.

On a bi-annual basis, the Appointed Manager defines a series of reports synthesizing the results of the assessments of controls in relation to the risks previously identified on the basis of the outcomes of the monitoring activities performed.

After having been shared with the CEO, the prepared Executive Summary is communicated to Hera Spa's Board of Statutory Auditors, the Controls and Risks Committee and the Board of Directors.

Roles and functions involved

The internal control and risk management system concerning financial reporting is governed by the Appointed Manager in charge of drafting corporate financial documents who, in agreement with the CEO, is responsible for planning, implementing, monitoring, and updating the financial and administrative control Model over time.

In performing his or her activities, the Appointed Manager:

- is supported by a specific function called Compliance 262, part of the staff of the Administration, Finance and Control Group Director, established by SO no. 49 of 30 October 2013 and with effect from 1 November 2013;
- is supported by the directors of corporate departments who, within their areas of responsibility, ensure the completeness and reliability of information flows directed toward the Appointed Manager for the purposes of preparing the financial reporting documents;
- coordinates the activities of the Administrative Managers of the relevant subsidiaries who are tasked with implementing, within their companies, and together with the delegated bodies, an adequate financial control system to safeguard the administrative-financial processes;
- initiates a reciprocal information exchange with the Controls and Risks Committee and the Board of Directors, communicating about the activities performed and the adequacy of the financial and administrative control system.

Lastly, the Board of Statutory Auditors and Supervisory Board are informed about the adequacy and reliability of the financial-administrative system.

b) Administrator in charge of the internal control and risk management system

Most recently with the resolution of 27 April 2017, the Hera Spa Board of Directors has set forth that, within the scope and limits of the respective delegations and reporting lines of the various corporate structures, the Chairman and CEO are charged, as far as their authority permits, with establishing and maintaining the Internal Control and Risk Management Systems.

The Chairman and CEO, in keeping with their mandates:

- ensure that the Risk Committee identifies the main business risks, taking account of the characteristics of the
 activities carried out by the Company and its subsidiaries, and periodically present those risks for examination by
 the Board of Directors,
- implement the guidelines defined by the Board of Directors, ensuring that the responsible business structures design, create and manage the Internal Control and Risk Management Systems, constantly checking their appropriateness, effectiveness and efficiency,

The corporate heads may request that the Internal Auditing Manager carry out operations concerning risk assessment on specific operational areas and compliance with internal rules and procedures in carrying out corporate operations.

c) Internal auditing department manager

In 2017, the new Internal Auditing Director was appointed to ensure the adequate functioning of the internal control and risk management system, reporting to the Vice Chairman.

The Internal Auditing department provides a report on its activities, every three months or whenever it is considered necessary, to the CEO, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Internal Controls and Risk Management Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors. It is hierarchically independent of the heads of operational divisions and may have direct access to all information necessary for the performance of its duties.

Through the establishment of an adequate Risk Assessment and three-yearly Audit Plan:

- provides a synthetic and comparative assessment of the primary risk areas and associated control systems, performing updates through the meetings that take place with management;
- according to the varying level of risk of corporate processes, prioritizes the duties of the Internal Auditing department.

d) Organisational model pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231/2001

Legislative Decree 231/2001 introduced into Italian legislation the administrative responsibility of legal entities, companies and associations. In particular, the law introduced the criminal liability of entities for certain offences committed in the interest or to the advantage of those entities by persons fulfilling roles of representation, administration or management of the entity or of one of its organisational units with financial and operational independence, or by persons who exercise management and control thereof, including on a de facto basis, and lastly, by persons subject to the direction or supervision of one of the above-mentioned parties. Significant offences are those committed against Public Administration and corporate offences committed in the interest of the companies.

However, Articles 6 and 7 of Legislative Decree no. 231/2001 provide for a form of exoneration from liability where (i) the entity proves that it adopted and efficiently implemented, prior to the commission of the act, appropriate organisational, management and control models for preventing the perpetration of the offences considered by the said decree; and (ii) the duty of supervising the functioning of and compliance with the models, as well as providing for their updating, is entrusted to a body of the entity that is vested with autonomous powers of initiative and control.

To this end, on 16 February 2004, the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A. approved and subsequently updated, also in the light of the provisions introduced by Legislative Decree no. 81/2008 as well as Legislative Decree no. 97/2016, the organisational, management and control model pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231/2001, with the aim of creating a structured and organic system of control procedures and activities to prevent commission of the offences referred to in the aforementioned decree, by identifying the activities exposed to a risk of offence and implementing suitable procedures for those activities.

At present, the organisational, management and control model pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231/2001 includes 25 protocols, implemented over time and relating to individual sensitive areas, which aim to ensure transparency and a sense of responsibility in internal relations and with the outside world.

For each process at risk, the protocols identify principles, roles and responsibilities to be followed in managing the activities and define the periodic information flows used to monitor them.

Each protocol ensures that the Supervisory Body engages in constant monitoring of activities at risk.

The procedures adopted incorporate the principles of the code of ethics in order to guide Group management according to the values and operating principles defined in the Charter of Values.

Risk factors and critical issues were identified and weighed through risk assessments carried ou on the Group's business areas and infrastructure processes. The specific risks inherent in these 231 areas are defined by the Supervisory Body in an annual auditing plan that takes into account risk assessments, the coverage of new processes, regulatory developments and the extension of the scope of activities of Group companies.

The model involves establishing an ongoing legal compliance check, drafting the Audit Report on the effective implementation of the protocols in Group companies falling within the 231 perimeter, providing assistance with drafting re-entry plans in adopting the recommendations outlined in the report, and carrying out specific follow-ups to verify that re-entry plans have been implemented and the critical points highlighted have actually been resolved.

The model entails an informative and training component that targets the subjects involved in sensitive processes in order to raise awareness about prohibited and mandatory behaviours, create awareness of the related ethical behaviours and promote a Group culture for managing corporate risks.

An integral part of the model is the Supervisory Body's bi-annual examination of the information flows concerning activities at risk.

The risk analysis document with its related audit plan is drawn up for the whole Group every three years, the last of which refers to the period 2019-2021.

The organisational, management and control model pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231/2001 has also been adopted by subsidiaries with strategic importance.

The Board of Directors has also instituted the Supervisory Body, approving its regulations:

This body, currently made up of an external member with the role of Chairman, the Legal and Corporate Central Director of Hera Spa, and the Internal Auditing Director of Hera Spa, has the specific task of periodically reporting to the corporate bodies of the Parent Company regarding implementation of the organizational model pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/2001and will remain in office until the date of the Shareholders' Meeting approving the financial statements as of 31 December 2019.

The Supervisory Body met times in 2019; five sessions were attended by all the members, while one session was attended by almost all the members.

The average length of the meetings of the Supervisory Body was approximately one hour.

The Supervisory Body approved and updated the 231 protocols that make up the organizational model, examined the system of information flows that allow it to supervise the functioning and observance of the models and examined reports made following audits, as well as consulting legislative developments pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/2001 and planning additional activities.

In addition to the aforementioned meetings, the Supervisory Body met two more times to engage with the Board of Statutory Auditors of Hera Spa and the Board of Directors of a Group company.

In order to carry out the checks and controls, the Supervisory Board drew up a schedule of measures for verifying compliance with the protocols adopted.

Corruption prevention model.

In 2019, Hera Spa obtained the ISO 37001 certification for the prevention of corruption. The Hera Group has consequently adopted a management system for corruption prevention that is integrated into the organization, management and control model pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/01, the foundations of which are rooted in the principles and values expressed in the code of ethics and in the quality and sustainability policy.

Along these lines, the Group has set up a model for corruption prevention which involves establishing a Compliance Department for the prevention of corruption that coincides with the Supervisory Body, to oversee the management system for preventing corruption.

The main responsibilities/functions of the Corruption Prevention Compliance Department are:

- a) overseeing the design and implementation of the management system for the prevention of corruption;
- b) providing advice and guidance to staff (defined as employees at all levels and subjects entrusted with positions of collaboration, including internships and traineeships) about the management system for preventing corruption and corruption issues;
- c) ensuring that the management system for corruption prevention complies with the requirements of UNI ISO 37001;
- d) duly reporting on the functioning of the management system for corruption prevention to the Board of Directors and top management.

Hera Group top management and management staff are personally committed to respecting the model for corruption prevention, including by carrying out awareness-raising and dissemination activities for the principles of the rules aimed at preventing corrupt acts in their own departments.

The corruption prevention model concerns everyone who works for the Hera Group.

In 2019 the Hera Group also approved the procedure for defining the so-called whistleblowing system, aimed at preventing the risk of crimes and combating possible violations and fostering the culture of ethics and legality.

e). Independent Auditors

The Hera Spa Shareholder's meeting of 23 April 2014 appointed Deloitte & Touche Spa to the role of independent auditor for the 2015-2023 financial years.

f) Appointed Manager in charge of drafting corporate financial reports and other corporate roles and functions.

In compliance with the provisions of the TUF and the Company's Articles of Association, in consultation with the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Board of Directors resolved on 1 October 2014 to appoint Luca Moroni to the role of Finance and Control Administration Central Director, in the post of Appointed Manager in charge of drafting corporate financial reports. He is in possession of the professional qualifications set forth in Article 29 of the Company's Articles of Association, in compliance with the TUF (Article 154-bis, paragraph 1).

The Appointed Manager is tasked with establishing adequate financial and administrative procedures for the creation of the financial statement and consolidated financial statement as well as any other financial communication. To this end, the Appointed Manager will have access to a dedicated budget approved by the Board of Directors and an adequate organizational structure (in terms of quantity and quality of resources) dedicated to the preparation/updating of financial-administrative procedures and periodical assessment activities concerning the suitability and actual application of financial-administrative rules and procedures. If the internal resources prove to be insufficient for the suitable management of these activities, the Appointed Manager is permitted to exercise the power of expenditure granted to him or her.

The Board of Directors verify that the Appointed Manager has access to adequate powers and means to carry out the tasks entrusted to him or her by Article 154-bis, and also to monitor that financial and administrative procedures are being followed. The Appointed Manager communicates and exchanges information with all the administrative and control bodies of the Company and of the Group's subsidiaries, including but not limited to:

- the Board of Directors;
- the Controls and Risks Committee:
- the Directors in charge of the internal control and risk management system;
- the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- the Independent Auditor;
- the Supervisory Body pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231/01:
- the Internal Auditing Manager;
- the Investor Relations Manager.

g) Coordination among the subjects involved in the internal control and risk management system.

The Issuer has established the following systematic coordination modes for the various subjects involved in the internal control and risk management system:

- periodic coordination meetings focused in particular on the process of drafting financial information and the activities of assessing, monitoring and containing (economic-financial, operational and compliance) risks;
- information flows among the subjects involved in the internal control and risk management system;
- periodic reports to the Board of Directors;
- establishment of a Risk Committee with the aim of outlining guidelines for monitoring and informing about risk management strategies.

In particular, the following types of coordination meeting are specified:

- the Board of Statutory Auditors with the Controls and Risks Committee, the Independent Auditor, the Appointed Manager in charge of drafting corporate financial reports, and the Internal Auditing Manager;
- the Board of Statutory Auditors with the Supervisory Board pursuant to Legislative Decree 231;
- the Directors in charge of the internal control and risk management system with the Chairman of the Controls and Risks Committee.

8 The Interests of Directors and Transactions with Related Parties

At its meeting of 10 October 2006, the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A. approved, in compliance with Articles 1 and 9 of the then-in force Corporate Governance Code, guidelines for significant transactions, transactions with related parties and transactions in which a director has an interest (Guidelines), in order to ensure that these transactions are conducted transparently and in conformity with the criteria of substantive and procedural correctness.

Subsequently, the Board of Directors of Hera S.p.A. approved the new procedure for transactions with Related Parties (Procedure) in compliance with the provisions of the Consob Regulation adopted by virtue of Resolution no. 17221 of 12 March 2010 and subsequent amendments and integrations thereto ("Consob Regulation"), later updated on 21 December 2015

The Procedure cancels and completely replaces the rules on transactions with Related Parties contained in the Guidelines, but there is no change to the existing rules set out in the Guidelines concerning significant transactions and transactions in which a director has an interest.

In the Procedure, the Board of Directors fully adopted the definitions of Related Parties and Transactions with Related Parties, as well as all the directly associated definitions, contained in the Consob Regulation and its annexes. In particular, the following were identified:

1) the types of transactions with Related Parties to which the Procedure applies:

- Transactions of Major Importance, that is, transactions in which at least one of the indices of importance determined by the Consob Regulation exceeds the threshold of 5%;
- Transactions of Minor Importance, that is transactions with Related Parties that are neither of Major Importance nor
 of Negligible Amount;
- framework resolutions, that is, that series of transactions with Related Parties;
- Ordinary Transactions, that is, transactions which (a) fall within the ordinary conduct of the company's operating activities or associated financial activities; and (b) are carried out under conditions: (i) similar to those normally applied to unrelated parties for transactions of a comparable nature, scale and risk, (ii) based on regularly applied

- tariffs or established prices, or (iii) comparable with those applied to parties with whom the company is legally obliged to deal for a determined amount;
- Transactions of negligible amount, that is, transactions for which the maximum foreseeable amount of the consideration or of the value of the service does not exceed the sum of 1 million euro for each transaction;
- Transactions with related parties carried out by subsidiaries;
- 2) the approval process for transactions of major and minor importance, depending on whether they involve:
 - transactions of minor importance falling within the competence of the Board of Directors, which are approved by the Board of Directors after hearing the reasoned but non-binding opinion of the Committee for transactions with related parties (hereinafter referred to as the Committee) regarding the interest, appropriateness and substantive correctness of the transaction;
 - transactions of major importance falling with the competence of the Board of Directors, in which the Committee must be involved in the negotiation and investigation phases and in which the transaction may be approved following the receipt of a reasoned favourable opinion from the Committee regarding the interest, appropriateness and substantive correctness of the transaction, that is following a vote in favour by a majority of the independent directors:
 - transactions of minor and major importance falling with the competence of the Shareholders' Meeting, for which the proposals must follow the same procedure as that for transactions falling with the competence of the Board of Directors, as described in the previous two points, and which must in any event receive a favourable opinion from the Committee.

The Procedure provides that the Committee charged with guaranteeing, by issuing specific opinions, the substantive correctness of dealings with Related Parties, must be in agreement with the control and risks committee.

The Procedure also identifies the cases to which the Procedure does not apply, as well as governing the procedures for communication with the public on the transactions carried out.

Beginning May 2014, a specific Operational Guideline was applied by Hera and its subsidiaries and subsequently updated on 31 March 2016, in order to detail the information reported in the Procedure and outline the rules, roles and responsibilities, as well as operational activities, implemented by the company.

9 Appointment of the statutory auditors

List voting

The auditors are appointed by the shareholders' meeting on the basis of the voting list system set forth in Article 26 of the Articles of Association, as will be modified by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of 29 April 2020, in implementation of Law 160 of 27 December 2019 and the subsequent Consob Communication no. 1 of 30 January 2020, in order to ensure the appointment of a statutory auditor, acting as Chairman, and an alternate auditor, in compliance with the applicable gender balance legislation.

In accordance with Article 25 of the Articles of Association, the office of Statutory Auditor is incompatible with the offices of councillor or alderman in regional public authorities, as well as with that of Statutory Auditor in more than three listed companies other than subsidiaries of the Company pursuant to Article 2359 of the Italian Civil Code and Article 93 of Legislative Decree no. 58/98. In the latter case, a Statutory Auditor who subsequently exceeds this limit will automatically forfeit the office of Statutory Auditor of the Company.

Article 26 of the Articles of Association governs the terms and conditions for filing and publishing lists, as well as the related documentation, in compliance with current regulations.

The lists must be delivered to the registered office at least 25 days before the date set for the meeting, together with the curriculum vitae of the candidates and a declaration from each individual candidates stating that he or she accepts the office and certifying that there are no causes of ineligibility, incompatibility or revocation as established by law, and the existence of the requirements of integrity and professionalism required by law for members of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

Article 25 of the Articles of Association establishes that, for the purposes of the provisions of legislation in force concerning the requirements of professionalism for members of the Board of Statutory Auditors of listed companies, business matters and sectors strictly pertaining to the activities performed by the Company means the business matters and sectors associated with or pertaining to the activity performed by the Company and cited in Article 4 of the Articles of Association.

The lists must also be accompanied by a statement certifying that there are no agreements or connections of any kind with other shareholders who have presented other lists, and a list of the administrative and control positions held by the candidates in other companies. These lists must be made available to the public at the registered offices and on the website www.gruppohera.it, no less than 21 days prior to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting.

The terms and conditions for the filing of lists are indicated by the Company in the Shareholders' Meeting notice of call. Each shareholder may submit or participate in the submission of only one list. In the event this rule is violated, the shareholder's vote is not taken into account with respect to any of the lists presented. Each person entitled to vote may vote for only one list.

Eligibility to submit lists and their composition

Shareholders who alone or together with other shareholders represent at least 1% of the share capital with voting rights in the ordinary shareholders' meeting, or the alternative percentage required by current legislation and indicated in the notice of call, may submit lists.

In this regard, it should be noted that, on the occasion of the last renewal of the administrative body which took place at the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017, the shareholding required for presenting lists of candidates for the election of the sitting administrative body was identified by Consob (through Resolution No. 19856 of 25 January 2017) in the amount of 1%, equal to the percentage provided for in article 26.2 of the current Articles of Association.

In particular, (i) municipalities, provinces and consortia constituted pursuant to Article 31 of Legislative Decree no. 267/2000 or other entities or public authorities, as well as consortia or joint-stock companies controlled, directly or indirectly, by these may present a single list and (ii) the shareholders not indicated in (i) may submit lists provided that they represent at least 1% of the shares with voting rights or the percentage established by current regulation and indicated in the notice concerning the meeting.

In order to demonstrate ownership of the number of shares necessary for presenting lists, shareholders must file the appropriate certification proving ownership of the number of shares represented at the registered office within the deadline set by the Company for posting the lists.

The lists contain a number of candidates not exceeding the number of members to be elected, listed by means of progressive numbering. Each candidate may appear on only one list under penalty of ineligibility. Each list must contain a number of candidates belonging to the less- represented gender that ensures compliance with the balance between genders, at least to the minimum extent required by current legislation, including regulations.

Appointment mechanism

The members of the Supervisory Body are appointed in accordance with the provisions of Article 26 of the Articles of Association:

- The Board of Statutory Auditors comprises three standing members and two alternate members.
- two standing auditors and one alternate auditor will be taken from the list that obtains the highest number of votes cast by the shareholders, in the progressive order in which they are listed, of which at least one standing auditor of the less-represented gender;
- the third standing auditor and the other alternate auditor will be taken from the other lists, electing respectively the first and second candidates on the list that receive the second highest number of votes, of which at least one alternate auditor to be of the less-represented gender. In the event of a tie between two or more lists, the oldest candidate will be elected as statutory auditor, in compliance with the gender balance required by applicable legislation, including regulations;
- If the list voting system does not ensure the minimum number of standing and alternate auditors of the less-represented gender required by law, the candidate of the most represented gender positioned last on the list of candidates elected from the list with the highest number of votes shall be replaced by the candidate of the less-represented gender who was positioned first among the non-elected candidates on the same list and so on, up to the minimum number of directors belonging to the less-represented gender. If the minimum number of directors belonging to the less-represented gender still has not been reached even after applying this criterion, the replacement criterion indicated will be applied to the minority lists, starting from the list that received the highest number of votes.
- the Board of Statutory Auditors is chaired by the first candidate on the list obtaining the second highest percentage of votes. In the event of a tie between two or more lists, the oldest candidate will be elected as statutory auditor, in compliance with the gender balance required by current legislation, including regulations;
- for the appointment of statutory auditors who for whatever reason are not appointed by the list voting procedure, the shareholders' meeting resolves with the majorities required by law, in compliance with the gender balance required by applicable legislation, including regulations.

Replacing members of the Board of Statutory Auditors

In the event of the replacement of a sitting Statutory Auditor, he or she will be succeeded by the alternate Auditor belonging to the same list as the Auditor to be replaced, respecting the principles of minority representation and gender balance.

The appointment of auditors to round out the Board of Statutory Auditors, pursuant to article 2401 of the Civil Code, will be carried out by the shareholders' meeting with the majorities provided for by the law, from among the names submitted by the same shareholders presenting the list to which the auditor who left the office belonged, in compliance with the principle of necessary representation of minorities and gender balance; where this is not possible, the shareholders' meeting will have to proceed with the replacement with the majorities required by law, in compliance with the gender balance rules set forth by applicable legislation, including regulations.

Composition and functioning of the Board of Statutory Auditors (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d) of the TUF)

The Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017 appointed a Board of Statutory Auditors made up of three standing members and two alternates, currently in office until the approval of the financial statements for the 2019 financial year, the composition of which complies with applicable regulations regarding gender balance.

This appointment was made through the list voting mechanism, in order to guarantee the minority lists the right to appoint a standing auditor, with the function of Chairman, and an alternate auditor.

At the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017 mentioned above, three lists of candidates were presented, listed below along with an indication of their proposing Shareholders:

List no. 1, presented by the shareholders Municipality of Bologna, Municipality of Casalecchio di Reno, Municipality of Cesena, Municipality of Modena, Municipality of Padova, Municipality of Trieste, Municipality of Udine, Con.Ami, Holding Ferrara Servizi Srl, Ravenna Holding Spa and Rimini Holding Spa, who, together with 107 other public shareholders, were at the time parties to the "Shareholders' Agreement on Voting and Share Transfer Rules" of 23 June 2015, and who together hold 666,023,417 Hera shares, corresponding to 44.71% of the voting shares of Hera S.p.A., a list that was voted for by 59.975289% of the share capital present, containing the names, in ranked order, of the following candidates:

Standing Auditors

- 1. Marianna Girolomini
- 2. Antonio Gaiani

Alternate Auditors

Valeria Bortolotti

List no. 2, presented by the shareholders Arca Fondi S.G.R. S.p.A., manager of the Arca Azioni Italia fund; Eurizon Capital SGR Spa manager of the following funds: Eurizon Progetto Italia 40, Eurizon Progetto Italia 20, Eurizon Azioni Italia, Eurizon Azioni PMI Italia and Eurizon Progetto Italia 70; Eurizon Capital SA manager of the following funds: Equity Italy, Equity Small Mid Cap Italy and Equity Italy Smart Volatility; Fideuram Asset Management (Ireland) manager of the following funds: Fideuram Fund Equity Italy and Fonditalia Equity Italy; Fideuram Investimenti Spa, manager of the Fideuram Italia fund; Interfund Sicav Interfund Equity Italy; Legal & General Assurance (Pensions Management) Limited; Mediolanum Gestione Fondi SGR Spa, manager of: Mediolanum Flessibile Italia and Mediolanum Flessibile Sviluppo Italia funds; Mediolanum International Funds - challenge fund - challenge fund Italian Equity; Pioneer Investment Management SGRpa, manager of the Pioneer Azionario Crescita fund; Pioneer Asset Management SA, manager of the PF Italian Equity and PF European Potential funds, together holders of of 19,140,764 Hera shares, corresponding to 1.285% of the Hera Spa shares with voting rights, a list that was voted for by 23.794414% of the share capital present, and containing the names, in ranked order, the following candidates:

Standing Auditors

1. Myriam Amato

Alternate Auditors

- 1. Stefano Gnocchi
- 2. Emanuela Rollino

List no. 3, presented by the shareholder Gruppo Società Gas Rimini Spa, owner of 30,771,269 Hera shares, corresponding to 2.065825% of the Hera Spa shares with voting rights, a list that was voted for by 14.524686% of the share capital company present, containing the names, in ranked order, of the following candidates:

Standing Auditors

1. Elisabetta Baldazzi

Alternate Auditors

1. Antonio Venturini

Following the shareholders' meeting vote, the Supervisory Body was made up as follows:

1. Myriam Amato Chairman

2. Marianna Girolomini Standing Auditor

3. Antonio Gaiani Standing Auditor

Valeria Bortolotti Alternate Auditor
 Stefano Gnocchi Alternate Auditor

From the date of appointment to that of this report, there have been no changes in the composition of the body.

For the current composition of the Board of Statutory Auditors please see Table 2, noting that the personal and professional details of each member are available on the website www.gruppohera.it

The Board of Statutory Auditors, in compliance with the provisions of article 8 of the Code, has checked the correct application of the criteria and assessment procedures adopted for ascertaining the independence of its members including for the purposes of Article 144-novies of the Issuer's Regulation.

The independence of the aforementioned auditors had already been assessed, at the time of their appointment, by the Board of Directors, which announced the outcome by means of a press release circulated to the market.

At the meeting of 12 March 2019, in light of the declarations made by each auditor, the Board of Statutory Auditors confirmed the independence of its members.

In the same session, the Board of Statutory Auditors also carried out its own self-assessment, based on an analysis of the suitability of its members and the adequate composition of the body with reference to the requirements of professionalism, competence and integrity set forth by current legislation.

For the purposes of the aforementioned self-assessment, the Board carried out information-gathering and evaluations by requesting its members to provide information and data relating to qualitative, quantitative and operational profiles. In particular

- it ascertained that its members meet the requirements of independence, honorability, professionalism, competence and experience;
- have adequate time and resources to carry out the assignment, respect the limit on multiple positions, and are
 properly composed with reference to gender balance and the age of members.

As regards its overall operations, the Board of Statutory Auditors gave an adequate evaluation to:

- the way the meetings were carried out;
- the Chairman's activity;
- the Exchange of significant corporate information (with Auditing firms, Supervisory bodies, Internal audit functions, Intra-Board committees and the company's Directors);
- participation in the meetings of the Board of Directors and Intra-Board committees.

The Board of Statutory Auditors met 15 times in 2019; 9 of these meetings were attended by all statutory auditors, while 6 were attended by almost all of them. The average duration of the meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors was approximately two hours.

In carrying out its activities, the Board of Statutory Auditors coordinates with the Internal Audit Department and the Controls and Risks Committee.

Diversity Criteria and Policies

The appointment of the Board of Statutory Auditors took place during the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 April 2017, following the presentation of three lists, one majority and two minority, which also guaranteed the composition of the board meet regulatory provisions regarding gender balance (three members of the less-represented gender out of a total of five members).

The members of the Board of Statutory Auditors have an average age of about 49 years: two members are between 40 and 50 years old and one member is between 50 and 60 years old.

The Board of Statutory Auditors expressed a high level of appreciation as part of its self-assessment activities, specifically with reference to its functioning and composition and the characteristics of its members, particularly the requirements of eligibility, independence, integrity and professionalism established by current legislation, including according to the matters and sectors of activity connected to or inherent in the activities of the Companies as pursuant to article 4 of the Articles of Association.

10 Relations with shareholders

To enable shareholders to understand the Company more fully, the Company has established a suitable department dedicated to relations with investors, headed by and entrusted to Jens Klint Hansen (the investor relator can be contacted by telephone on +39 051 287737 or by email at ir@gruppohera.it [HYPERLINK: mailto:ir@gruppohera.it]).

11 Shareholders' meetings (pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter c) of the TUF)

Ordinary and extraordinary shareholders' meetings are called in the circumstances and manner provided for by law; they are held at the registered office or even at other locations, provided these are in Italy.

The full text of the proposed resolutions, together with the illustrative reports and documents that will be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting, are made available to the public at the company's registered offices and on the Company's website www.gruppohera.it, as well as on the authorized storage site 1Info www.1Info.it within the legal deadline for each of the matters under discussion.

The shareholders entitled to participate in the Shareholders' Meeting are those entitled to vote, pursuant to the law, at the end of the accounting day coinciding with the record date and for which the Company has received the relative communication made by the authorized intermediary by the end of the third trading day preceding the date set for the Shareholders' Meeting. However, the legitimate right to participate and vote remains if these communications are received after this deadline, provided that they are received by the beginning of the meeting. Those who become owners of shares only subsequent to this deadline will not have the right to participate in and vote at the Shareholders' Meeting.

Any person entitled to attend may be represented at the Shareholders' Meeting in accordance with the law, exercising the right to use the proxy form available on the Company's website for this purpose, and the methods that interested parties can use to notify the Company of proxies are also available electronically on this site.

At each Shareholders' Meeting, the Company identifies a person to whom the holders of voting rights will be able to confer a proxy with voting instructions covering all or some of the agenda items. The proxy to the aforementioned representative must be conferred by the end of the second open market day prior to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting, in the manner specified on the Company's website and using the specific proxy form provided there.

The proxy to the designated representative has no effect with regard to proposals for which voting instructions have not been given.

Shareholders can ask questions about the items on the agenda even before the Shareholders' Meeting, in the manner indicated on the Company's website.

Shareholders who, even jointly, represent one fortieth of the share capital, can submit a request within ten days of the publication of this notice asking that items be added to the matters to be discussed, indicating in the request the additional topics proposed, or presenting proposed resolutions on the items already on the agenda. Requests must be submitted in writing in the manner indicated on the Company website.

In accordance with Article 13 of the Articles of Association, the Shareholders' Meeting is chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or, in his/her absence, by a person elected by the Shareholders' Meeting itself through a majority vote by those present. The Chairman of the Shareholders 'Meeting appoints a secretary, verifies that it has been constituted properly,

ascertains the identity and legitimacy of those present and regulates the Shareholders' Meeting, in compliance with the meeting regulations, ascertaining the results of voting.

In accordance with Article 14 of the Articles of Association, both ordinary and extraordinary shareholders' meetings and their related resolutions are valid if made with the attendance requirements and majorities established by law.

Resolutions by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting concerning amendments to articles 6.4 (shares and increased voting rights), 7 (public majority shareholding), 8 (limits on share ownership), 14 (validity of Shareholders' Meetings and right of veto) and 17 (appointment of the Board of Directors) of the Articles of Association will be valid if made with a yes-vote by at least 3/4 of shareholders with voting rights participating in the Shareholders' Meeting, rounded down if necessary.

The shareholders' meeting of 29 April 2003 approved the text of the meeting regulations, the updated version of which is published on the Company website at www.gruppohera.it, which indicate the procedures to be followed in order to permit the orderly and proper functioning of meetings, without prejudice to the right of each shareholder to express his or her opinion on the matters under discussion.

During the 2019 financial year, one shareholders' meeting was held on 30 April, which was attended by 10 directors.

12 Considerations regarding the 19 December 2019 letter from the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee

The Board of Directors, in relation to the letter sent on 19 December 2019 to the Chairmen of the administrative bodies of listed Italian companies by the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee, together with the seventh annual Report on the application of the Corporate Governance Code, attached to it, responded to the invitation issued by the Executive Chairman to examine the recommendations made therein, and specifically states the following:

- The Board of Directors, in conformity with the provisions of Article 1.C.1 paragraph b) as well as article 4 of the current Corporate Governance Code, has assigned the Ethics Committee the functions of supervising the sustainability issues connected with exercising company activities and the dynamics of interaction with all stakeholders, changing its name to the Ethics and Sustainability Committee and expanding its composition from three members to four. In particular, the Ethics and Sustainability Committee was tasked with monitoring the implementation of sustainability policies, with formulating, on request by the Board of Directors, opinions about specific sustainability issues, with examining corporate procedures on social and environmental matters and with reviewing the sustainability report to be submitted to the Board of Directors ahead of time. During 2019, the Hera Group also approved a Quality and Sustainability Policy which takes into account the management system for corruption prevention with the aim of pursuing a growth strategy aimed at creating shared value, in part to contribute to the achievement of the objectives of the UN 2030 Agenda.
- has continued to ensure the timeliness, thoroughness and usability of pre-meeting information by providing to each director and statutory auditor, at least three days before the meeting with the exception of cases of necessity and urgency, all of the information and documentation necessary for discussing the items on the agenda of the meetings of the Board of Directors, in keeping with the specific procedure shared by the Board of Directors as well. The members of the Board of Directors once again expressed a positive opinion of the timeliness with which such documentation is made available during their self-assessment, and this opinion was echoed by the company Spencer Stuart, who supported the Board of Directors in their self-assessment;
- has continued to apply the independence criteria established by the Code and by the current legislation for the assessment of the independence of its members in an accurate manner, reserving the right to verify the position duration requirement on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the principle of substance over form. At the same time, the Supervisory Body maintained a high level of attention in overseeing that the aforementioned independence criteria are properly applied;
- the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of Hera believe that the remuneration attributed to nonexecutive directors and members of the control body is appropriate in relation to the competence, professionalism and commitment required in performing their role.

Table 1: structure of the Board of Directors and Committees

Board of Directors									Contr	ol and ks			Appointment committee		Exectuive committee		Ethics and sustainability				
Position	Component	birth year	date first appointed *	in office	in office until	Exec.	Non-exec.	Code of Indep.	TUF indip. Req.	No. of other offices	(*)	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)	(*)	**)	(*)	(**)	(*)	(**)
Chairma	Tomaso Tommasi di	1947	04-nov-02	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019	Х				-	11/11					<u>'</u>		6/6	С		
CEO	Stefano Venier	1963	23-apr-14	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019	Х				-	11/11							6/6	М		
Vice	Giov anni Basile	1965	23-apr-14	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	-	10/11	7/7	С	1/1	С			6/6	М		
Director	Francesca Fiore	1967	27-apr-17	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	2	11/11			1/1	М	1					
Director	Giorgia Gagliardi	1982	23-apr-14	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	-	11/11						=				
Director	Massimo Giusti	1967	23-apr-14	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	2	111/11			1/1	М	1	-			8/8	С
Director	Sara Lorenzon	1981	27-apr-17	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	-	10/10	07-giu	М								
Director	Stefano Manara	1968	28-ago-13	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	1	10/10			1/1	М	Not pres	ent				
Director	Danilo Manfredi	1969	23-apr-14	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	-	9/11						-				
Director	Alessandro Melcarne	1984	08-nov -17	08-nov-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	-	10/11							6/6	М		
Director	Erwin P.W Rauhe	1955	27-apr-17	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	2	11/11	7/7	М				-				
Director	Duccio Regoli	1961	27-apr-17	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Χ	-	11/11	07-giu	М				-				
Director	Federica Seganti	1966	27-apr-17	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	4	11/11						-			6/7	М
Director	Marina Vignola	1970	27-apr-17	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	-	9/11					1	-				
Director	Giov anni Xilo	1962	27-apr-17	27-apr-17	Approv. 2019		Х	Х	Х	-	11/11					1	Ī				
Indicate t	the quorum required fo	r the prese	entation of list	s at the tim	e of the last ap	pointment:	at least 1% of sl	nares with vo	ing rights	in the ordin	nary sha	reholders	s' meetir	ng (art. 17	.5 of the	Articles of	Asso	ociation).			
No. of meetings held during the financial year in question: 11				Crc: 7 R			Ro): 1		Ac: /			Ec: 6			Ethics and sustainability c.: 7					

^{*} The date of first appointment of each director refers to the date on which the director was appointed for the first time (ever) to the company's Board of Directors.

^{**} This column shows the list from which each director was taken ("M": the majority list; "m" minority list; "CdA": the list submitted by the Board of Directors).

^{***} This column indicates the number of offices as director or statutory auditor held by the person concerned in other companies listed on regulated markets, including foreign markets, in financial, banking or insurance companies or in large enterprises. For the list of these companies with reference to each director, see Table 3.

(*) This column indicates the percentage of attendance by directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Committees, respectively (indicate the number of attended meetings as

compared the total number of meetings that he or she could have attended, e.g. 6/8; 8/8 etc.).

^(**) This column indicates the role played by the director on the Board: "P": Chairman, "M": member.

Table 2: structure of the Board of Statutory Auditors

Board of Statutory Auditors No of other Date first *** (%) Position Component Birth year In office since In office until List* offices held appointed * Indep. Chairman Myriam Amato 1974 27-Apr-17 27-Apr-17 Appr. Bil. 2019 Χ 12/15 1 m Standing auditor Girolomini Marianna 1970 23-Apr-14 27-Apr-17 Appr. Bil. 2019 Χ 15/15 Standing auditor 23-Apr-14 27-Apr-17 Appr. Bil. 2019 Χ 12/15 2 Alternate auditor Gnocchi Stefano 1974 27-Apr-17 27-Apr-17 Appr. Bil. 2019 Χ m M Χ Alternate auditor Bortolotti Valeria 1950 23-Apr-14 27-Apr-17 Appr. Bil. 2019

Indicate the quorum required for the submission of lists at the time of the last appointment:

at least 1% of shares with voting rights in the ordinary shareholders' meeting (art. 26.2 of the Articles of Association).

No. of meetings held during the financial year in question: 15

Table 3: Positions the directors hold in other companies

Name, last name	Position	Other positions (*)				
Tomaso Tommasi di Vignano	Chairman					
Stefano Venier	Chief Executive Officer					
Giovanni Basile	Vice Chairman					
Francesca Fiore	Director	Member of supervisory board at Navya SA, Director Monte Titoli S.p.A.				
Giorgia Gagliardi	Director					
Massimo Giusti	Director	Director, Consultinvest Spa Chairman, CEO of Sefea Impact SGR Spa				
Sara Lorenzon	Director					
Stefano Manara	Director	BoD Chairman, Rest Srl				
Danilo Manfredi	Director					
Alessandro Melcarne	Director					
Erwin P.W. Rauhe	Director	Indipendent director Isagro Spa, Indipendent director SOL Spa				
Duccio Regoli	Director					
Federica Seganti	Director	Director Fincantieri Spa Director Eurizon Spa BoD Chairman Friulia Spa Director Finest Spa				
Marina Vignola	Director					
Giovanni Xilo	Director					

^(*) List of positions of director or statutory auditor held by each Director in other companies listed on regulated markets, including foreign markets, in financial, banking or insurance companies or in large enterprises

^{*} The date of first appointment of each statutory auditor refers to the date on which he or she was appointed for the first time (ever) to the company's Board of Statutory Auditors.

** This column shows the list from which each auditor was taken ("M": the majority list, "m" minority list).

^(***) This column indicates the degree of participation of the auditor in meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

**** This column indicates the number of offices as director or statutory auditor held by the person concerned pursuant to Article. 148 bis of the TUF and associated implementation regulations contained in the Consob Issuers' Regulation. The full list of offices is published by Consob on its website pursuant to Article 144-quinquiesdecies of the Consob Issuers'